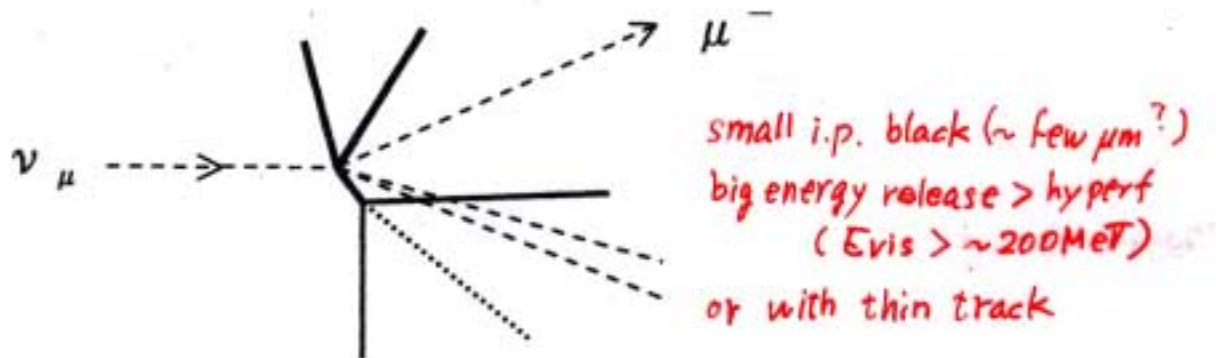


Super fragment search in CHORUS

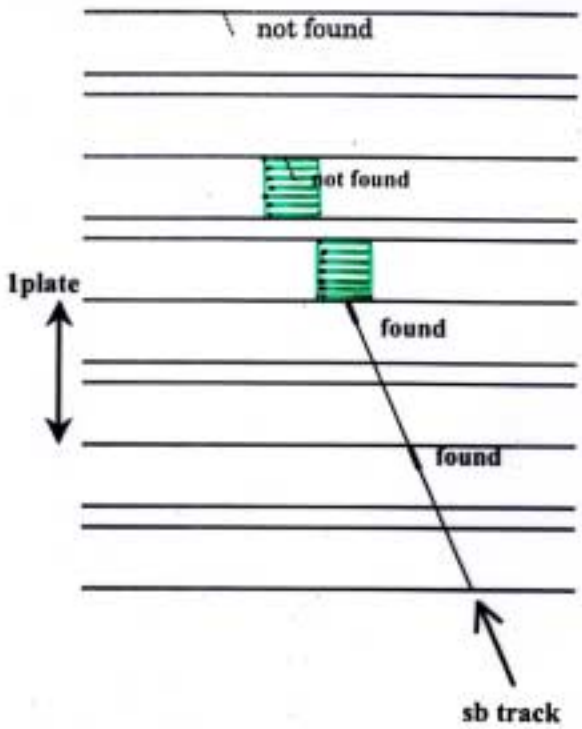
nucleus containing charmed baryon



- I Image taking
- II Overview of image analysis
- III Super fragment search
- IV Hyperfragment candidates
 $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^- (\pi^0)$ decay
- V Summary

M. Miyanishi (Nagoya Univ.)
9-Mar-'02

Image taking

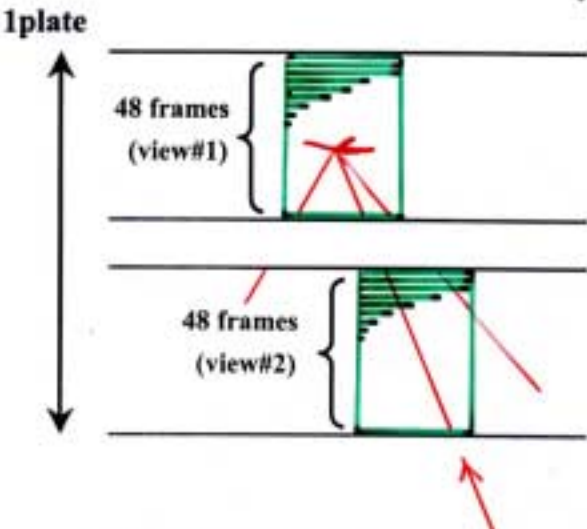


Scanback track is missed in a certain plate

Images taken in the plate where track is missed

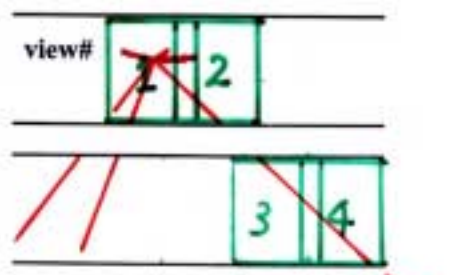
Size of image :

$\sim 150 \mu m \times 130 \mu m \times 350 \mu m$ in each side
 ($512^{\text{pixels}} \times 512^{\text{pixels}} \times 48^{\text{frames}}$)



An image is consisted of 2~6 views
 Each view consisted of 48 frames

angle of scanback track is big

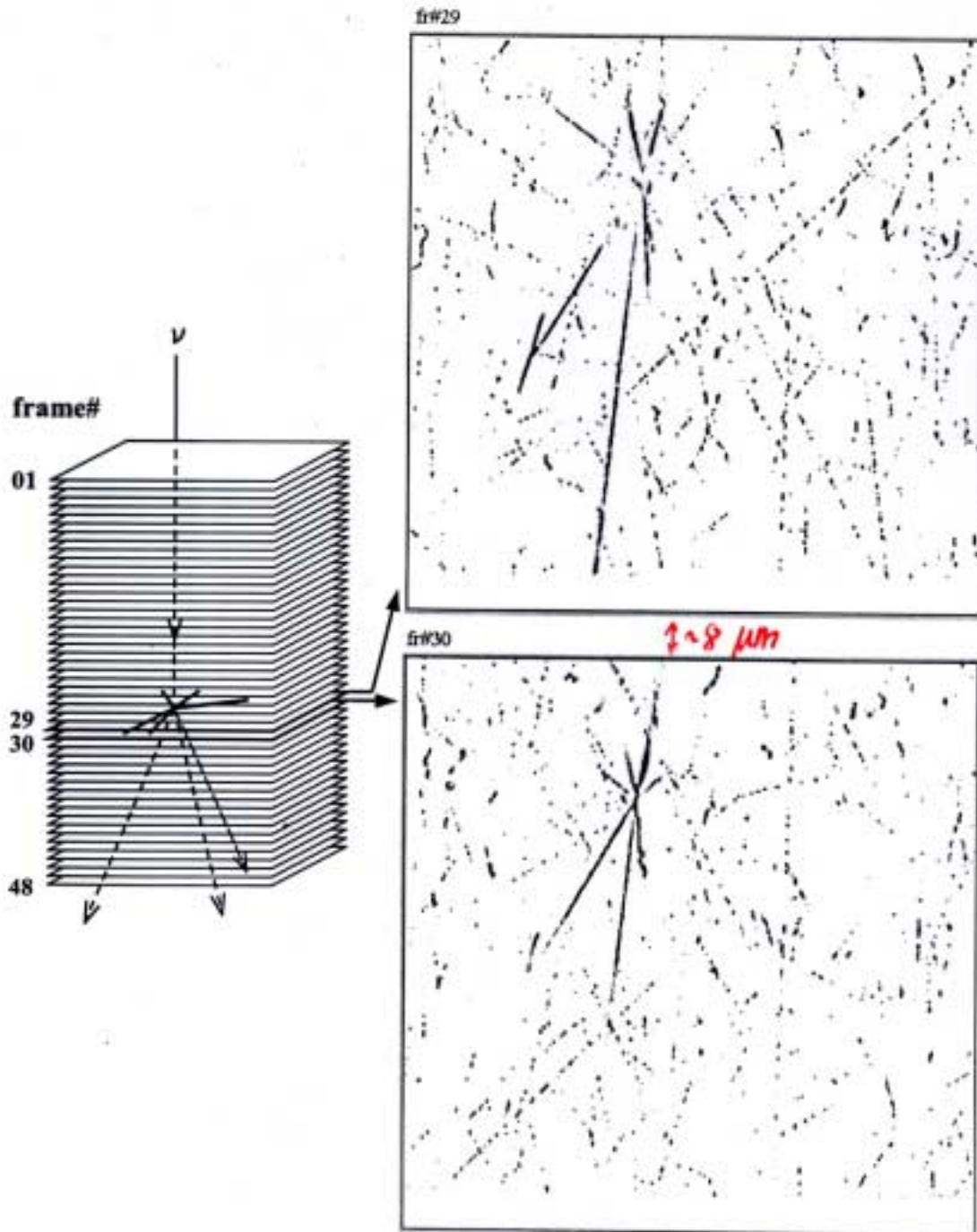


file size $\sim 1Mb$ sb

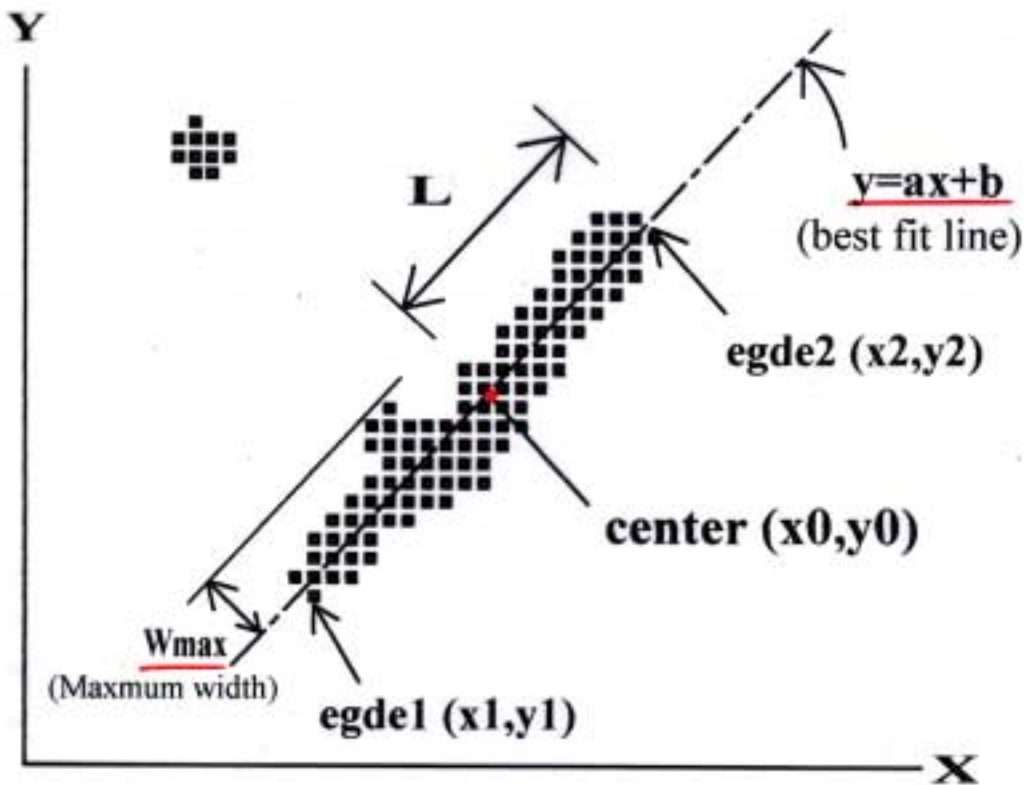
file size $\sim 2Mb$ sb

Sample of images

mdt62t p04d 79126815.00V 1-2



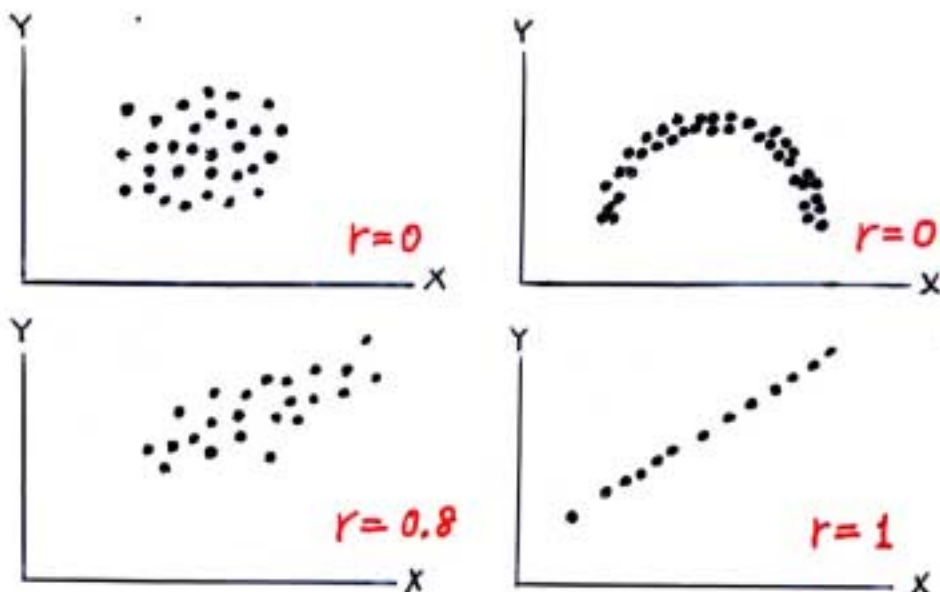
Parameter of a cluster



size (#pixel) n
correlation coefficient r

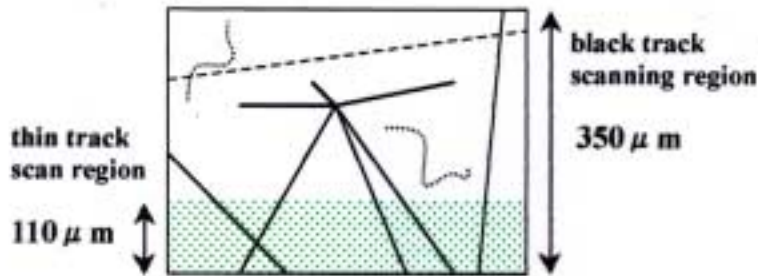
$$r = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{(n-1) s_x s_y} \quad (x_i, y_i): \text{position of pixel consist of a cluster}$$

to know shape of cluster is line or not

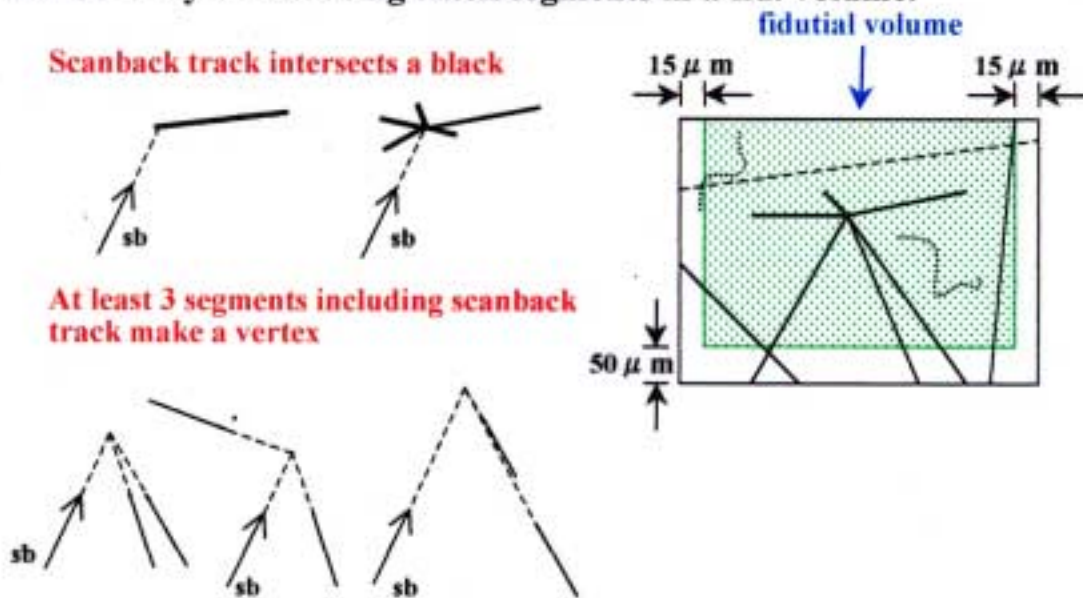


Overview of image analysis to search superfragment

1. Scan all tracks with $\tan \theta < 0.5$ penetrating at least 8 frames ($\sim 52 \mu\text{m}$) in a region of downstream $110 \mu\text{m}$.
($110 \mu\text{m}$ is selected to save CPU time)

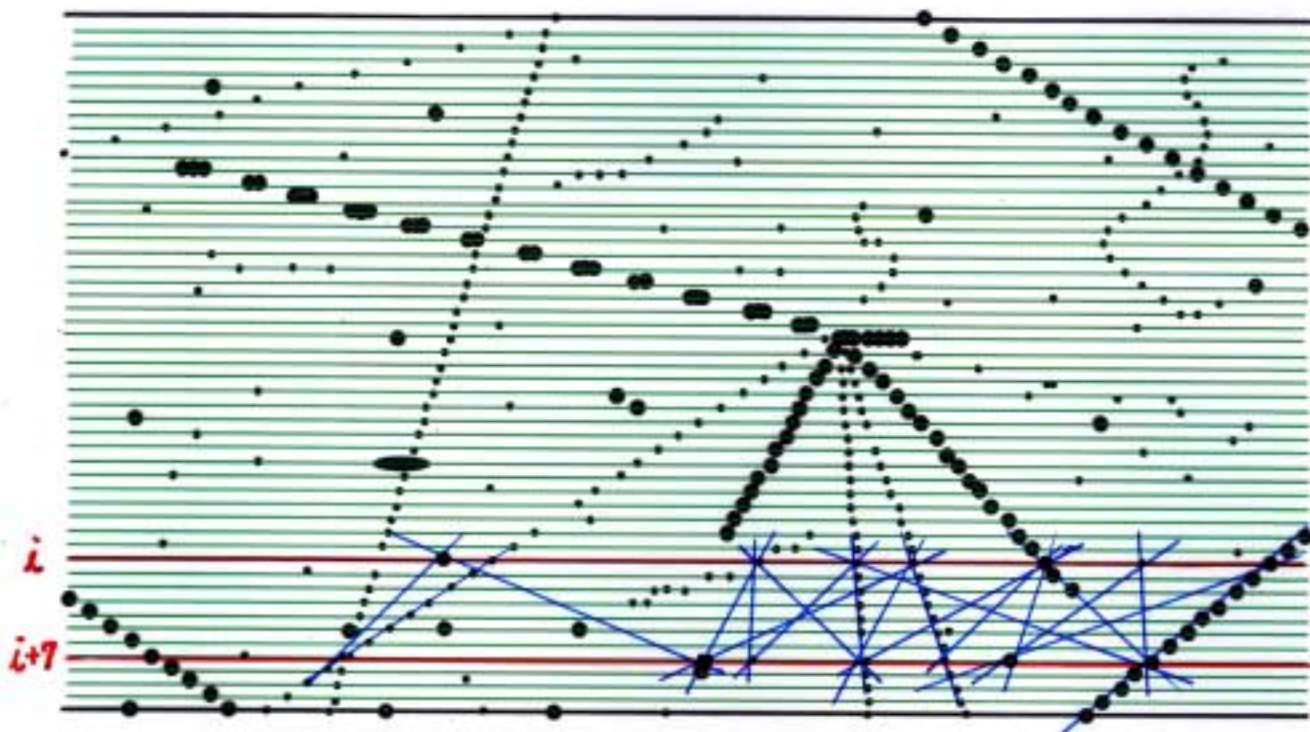


2. Scan all black track with $\tan \theta < 1.5$
3. Search a 1ry vertex using track segments in a fid. volume.



4. Search black tracks with $i.p. > 2 \mu\text{m}$ or not lined clusters

Track scanning algorithm

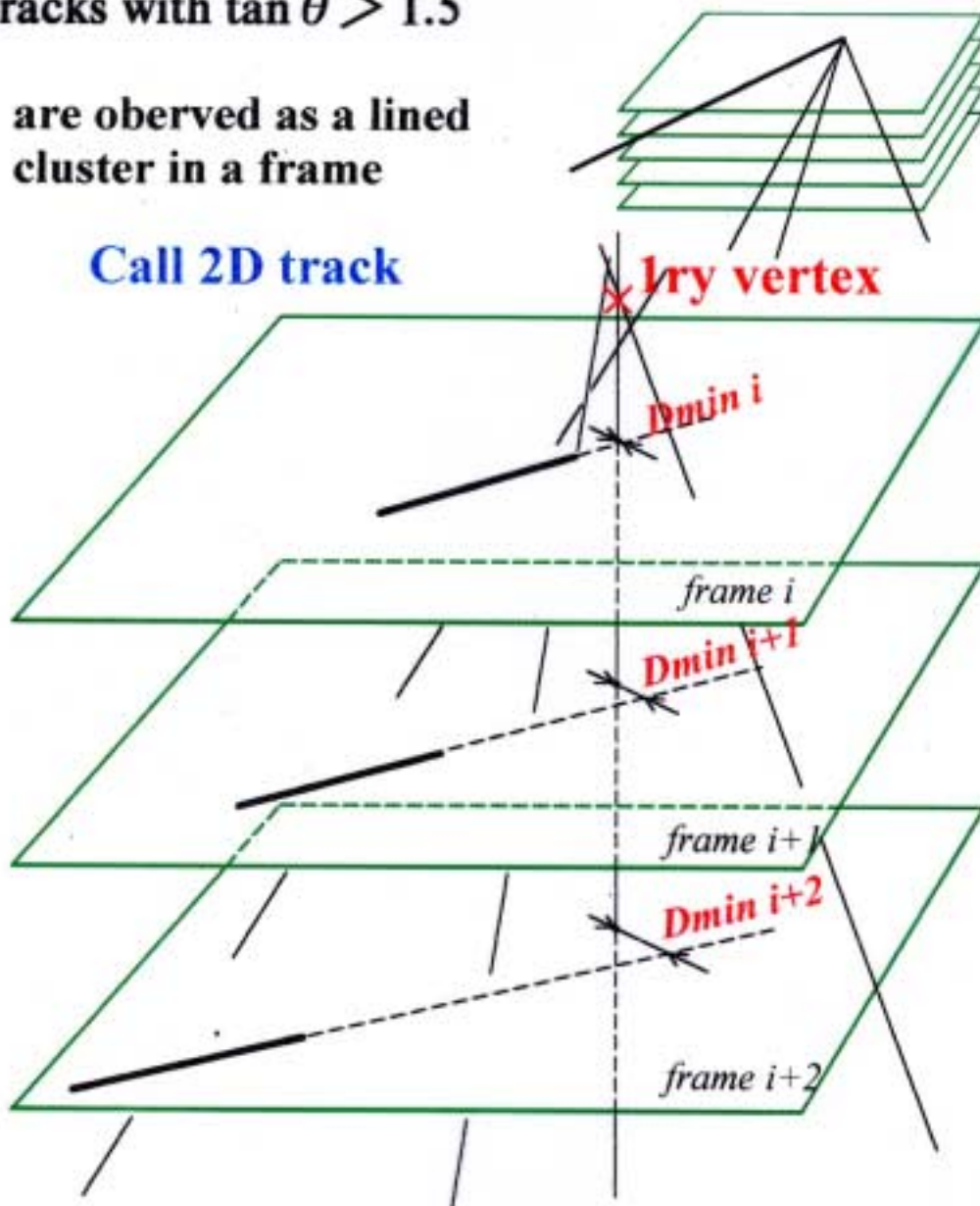


1. Make lines using any 2 clusters in frame i and $i+7$ ($d=52$ micron) for thin track
 $i+6$ ($d=45 \mu m$) for black
2. Count the number of cluster on each line.
3. Find track segment.
4. If segment is found, extend a line.
5. Change i to $i+1$, and repeat

Tracks with $\tan \theta > 1.5$

are observed as a lined cluster in a frame

Call 2D track



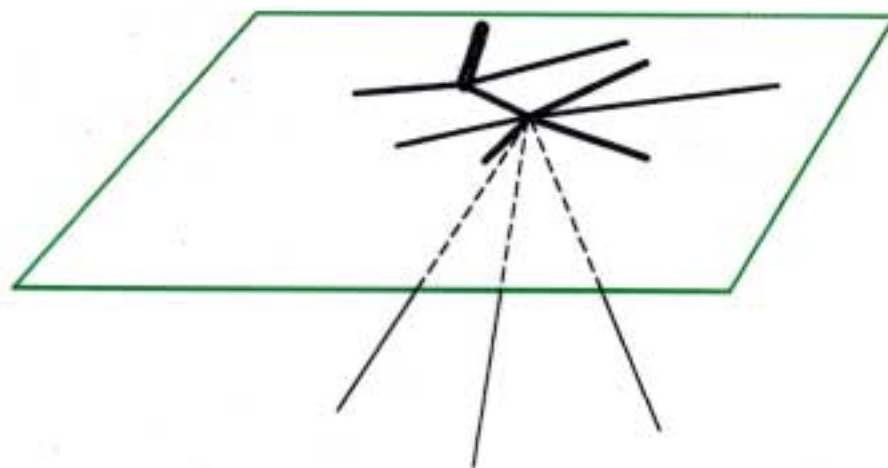
Get minimum distance in each frame
within 3 frames ($\sim 20 \mu\text{m}$) from 1ry vertex.

If at least 1 frame $D_{min} > 2 \mu\text{m} \rightarrow$ viewer check.

In a frame very near vertex

Black tracks are not isolated.

Shape of cluster is complicated even if hyperfragment is not produced



Cut a hole with radius of $1.5 \mu\text{m}$ which center is a 1ry vertex.

no hyperfragment



All blacks are separated
as lined cluster
stop to analyze



if exist a cluster with
 $r < 0.9$ and $\text{size} > 250$

go to viewer check

Accuracy of 1ry vertex

For mod71b

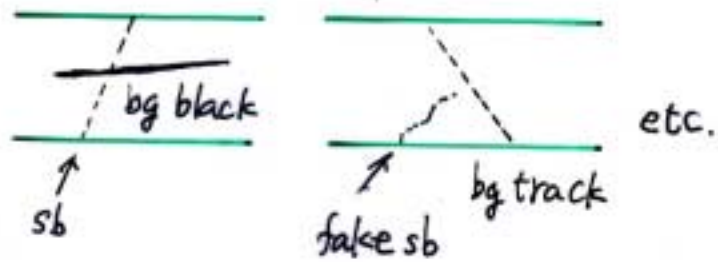
Checked vertices found by program with image-viewer for accuracy and measured vertex position manually

		#images	(#events)
mod71b	Analyzed	1011	(960)
	1ry found	488	(345)

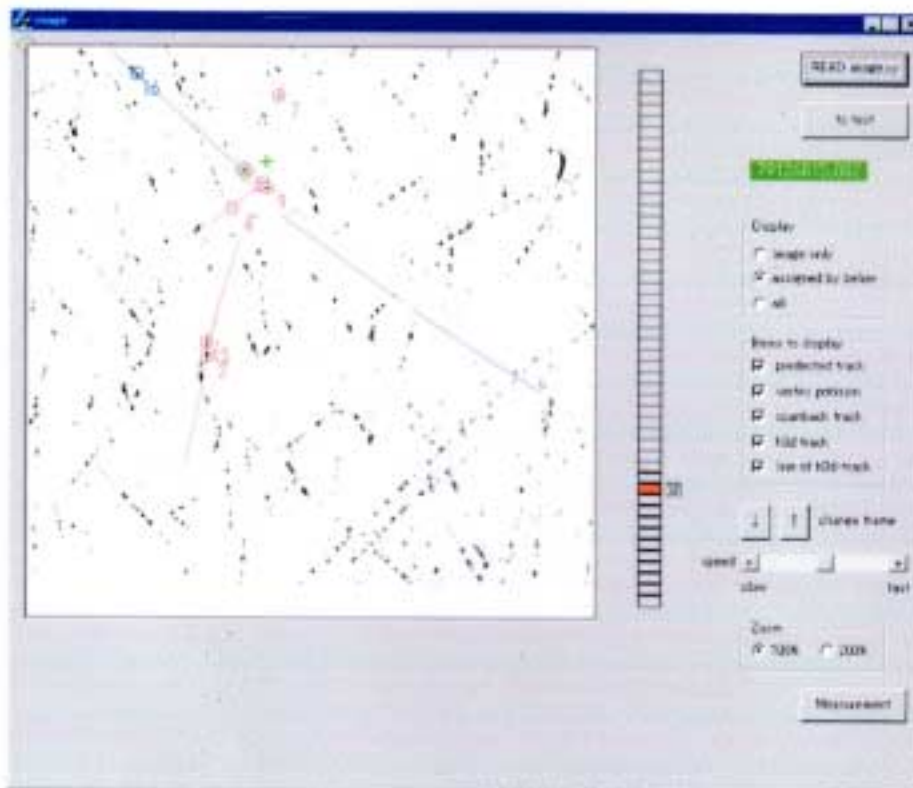


Check and measure with image-viewer

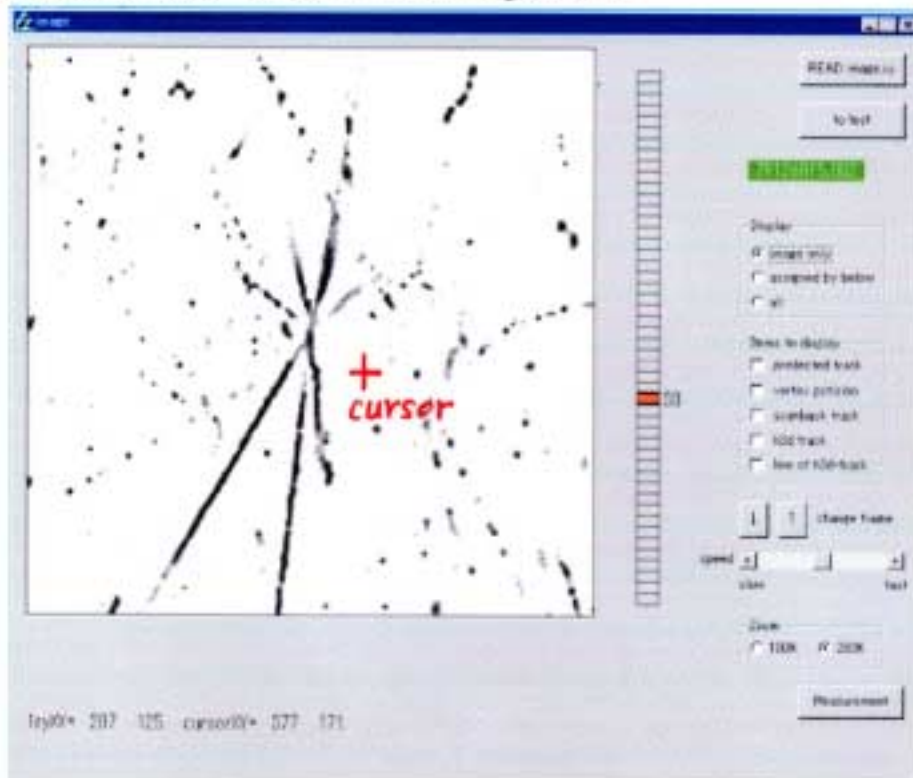
488	{	Real vertex exist	479 images	→ measure
		Fake vertex	9 images	

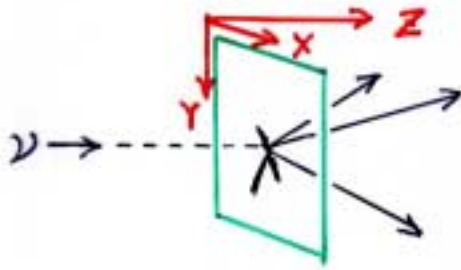


Display of image-viewer

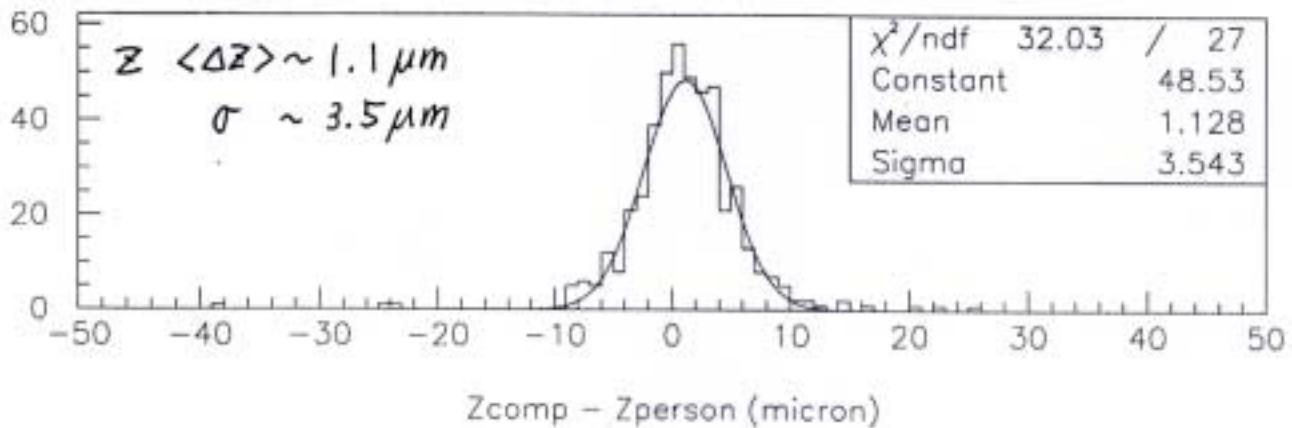
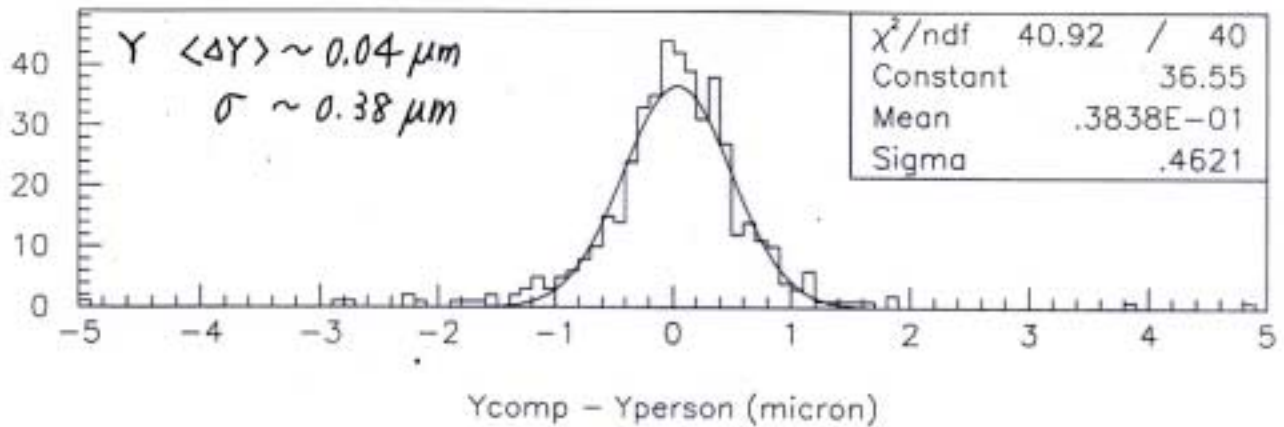
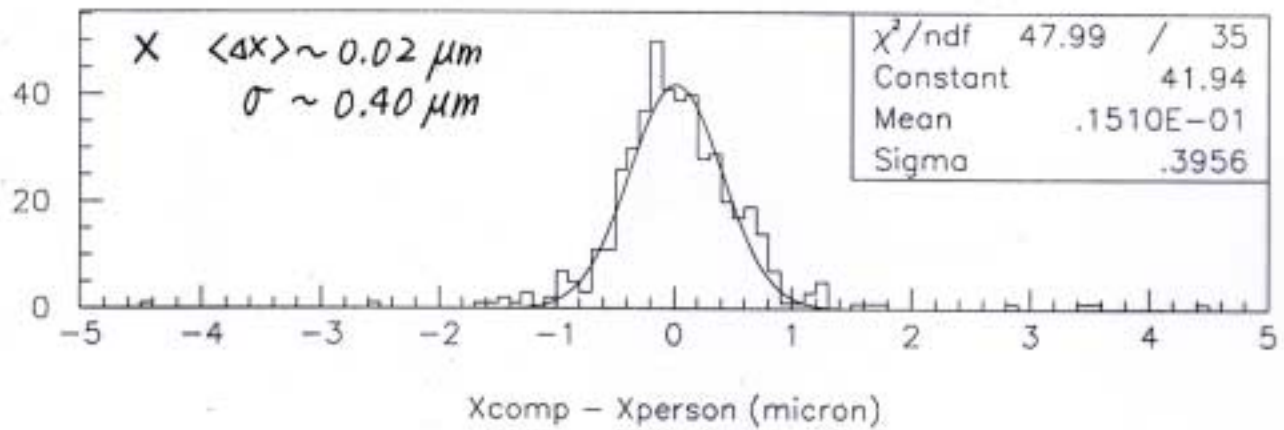


zooming ($\times 200$), measurement is possible

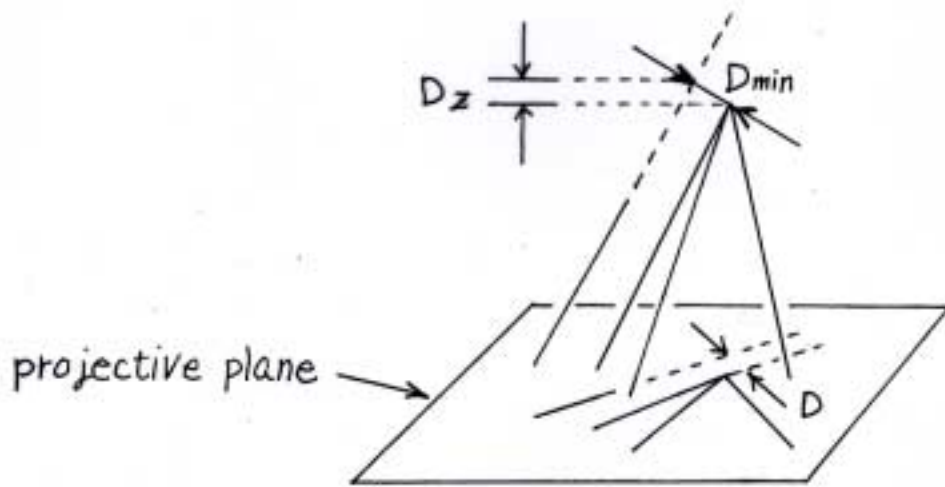




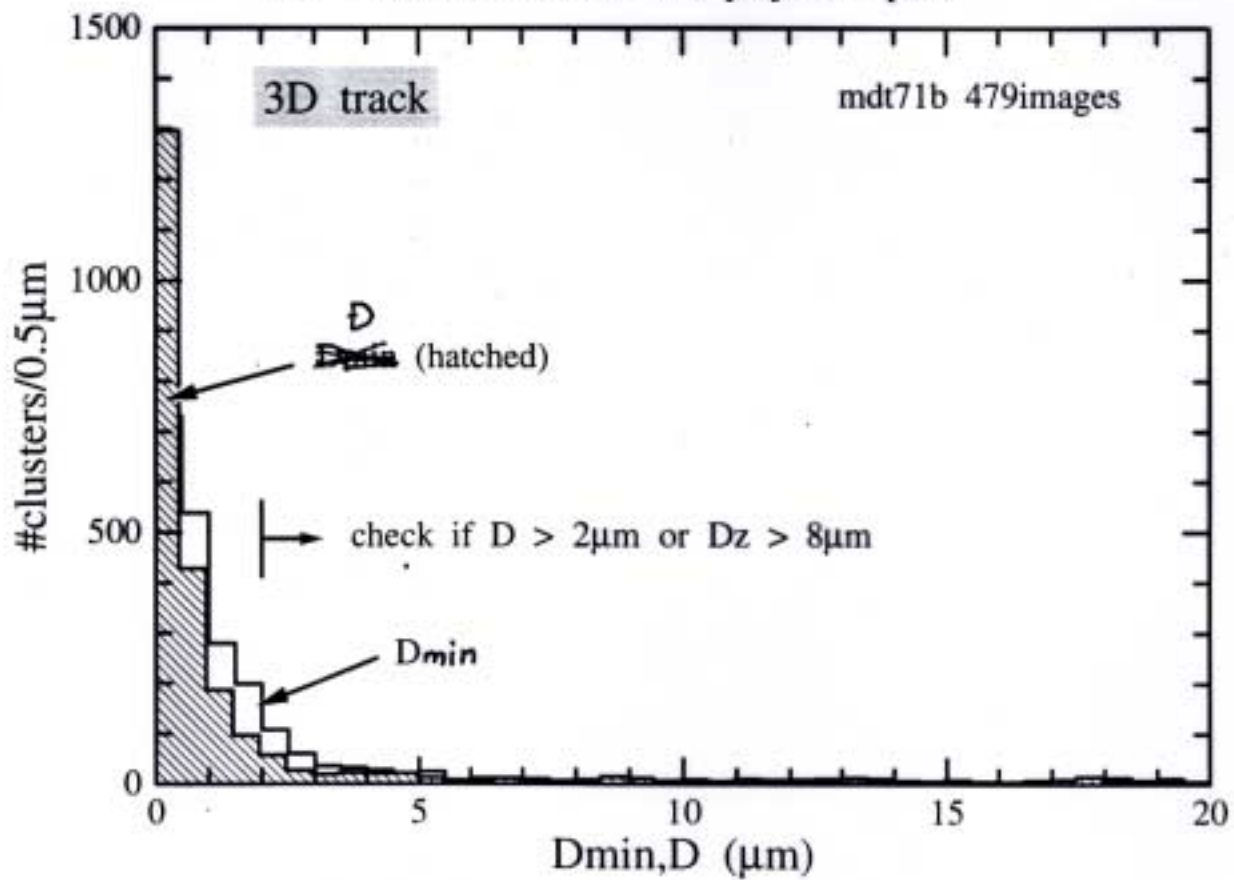
Vertex difference of program from person mesure.

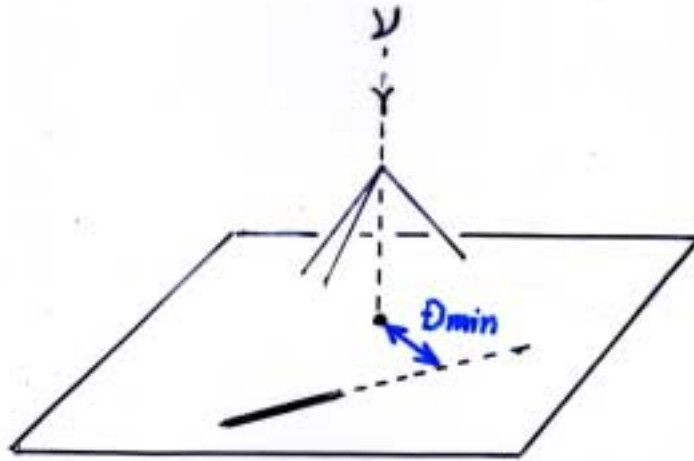


well agree

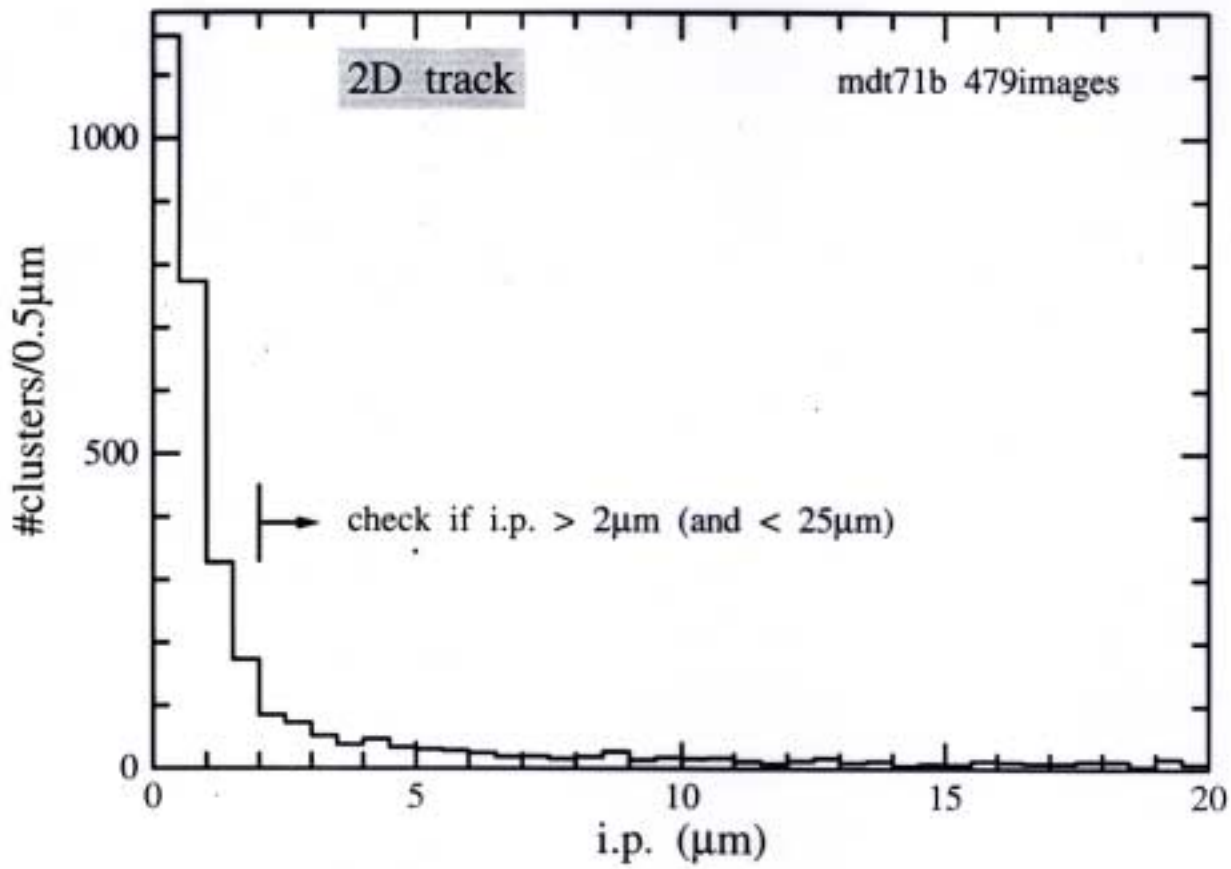


D_{min} : minimum distance from a vertex position
 D : minimum distance in a projective plane





Impact parameter of 2D track in each frame



Super fragment search

Images in '97 Run are analyzed

	#images (#events)	Ratio (events)
#Images analyzed	42559 (39586)	1.
1ry found (in fiducial volume)	20247 (14760)	0.373
Have a black(s) with i.p. $\geq 2 \mu\text{m}$ <i>or not lined clusters</i>	6803 (5668)	0.143



Viewer check (check images by eye
with an image-viewer)
2 min/images

Result of viewer check

Most of them are curve or trivial scattering.



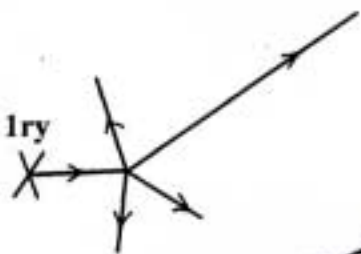



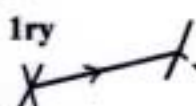

Manual check in em.

157 (events)

Result of manual check

157 events

Found 2ry vertex (39 events + (4 accidentally))

#prongs from 2ry vertex		#events + (accidentally)
4		3
3		9
2		6 + (1)
1		7
	Hammer track with electron 	7 + (3)
	without thin track 	4
	Others (2ry int., bg?, ...)	3

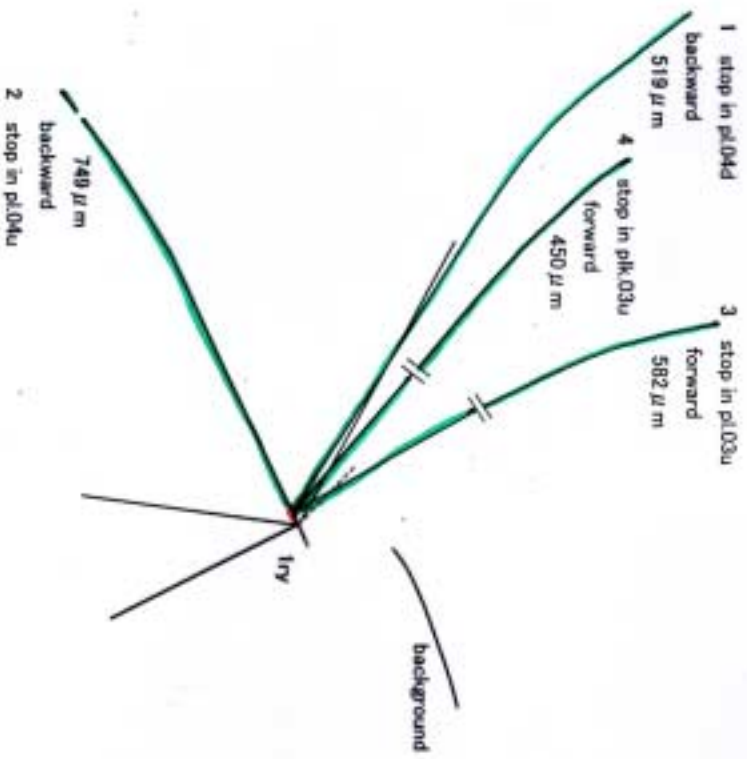
All 2ry tracks are followed and measured range

Background

(α decay, scatt+overlap track, scatt,)

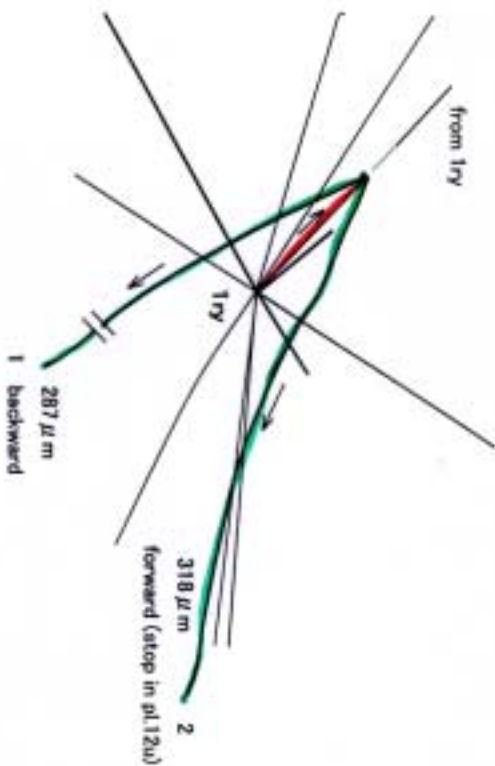
114





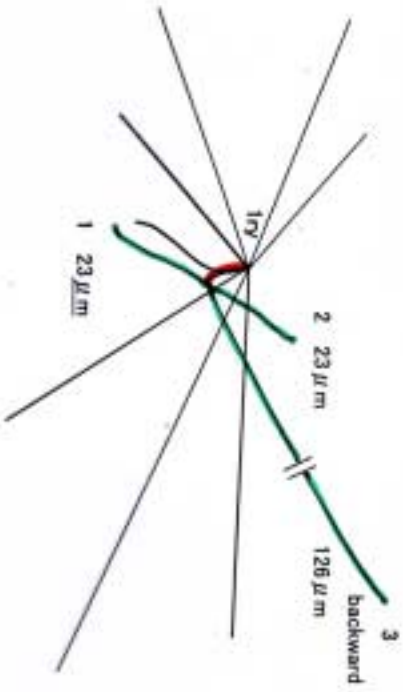
Track#	Length(μ m)	E(MeV)	ID
0	11		
1	519	9.7 (P)	
2	749	12.0 (P)	
3	582	10.3 (P)	
4	450	8.9 (P)	

Memo EVs ~40MeV



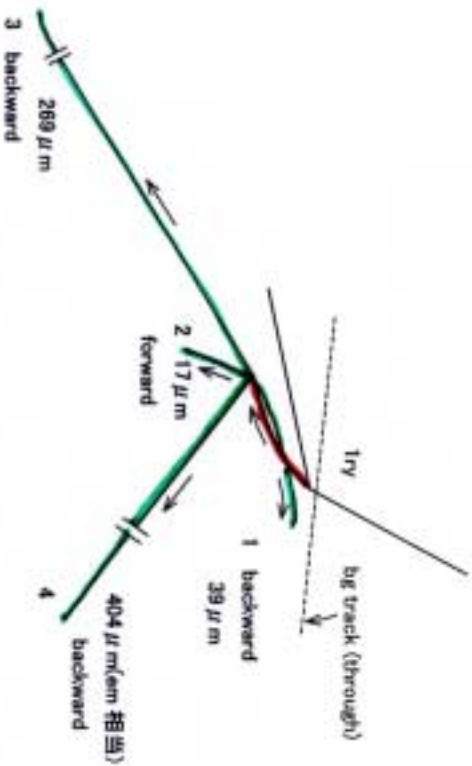
Track#	Length(μ m)	E(MeV)	ID
0	45		
1	287	6.8 (P)	
2	318	7.2 (P)	

Memo EVs ~14 MeV



Track#	Length (μm)	E(MeV)	ID
0	35		
1	23	1.4 (p)	
2	23	1.4 (p)	
3	126	4.2 (p)	

Memo
Evis ~ 7.0 MeV



Track#	Length (μm)	E(MeV)	ID
	33		
1	39	2.0 (p)	
2	17	1.2 (p)	
3	269	6.5 (p)	
4	404	8.3 (p)	

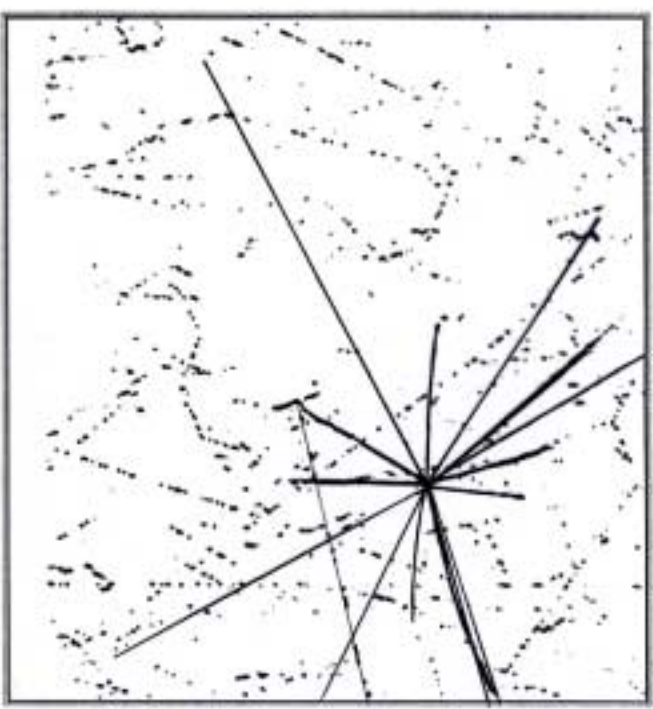
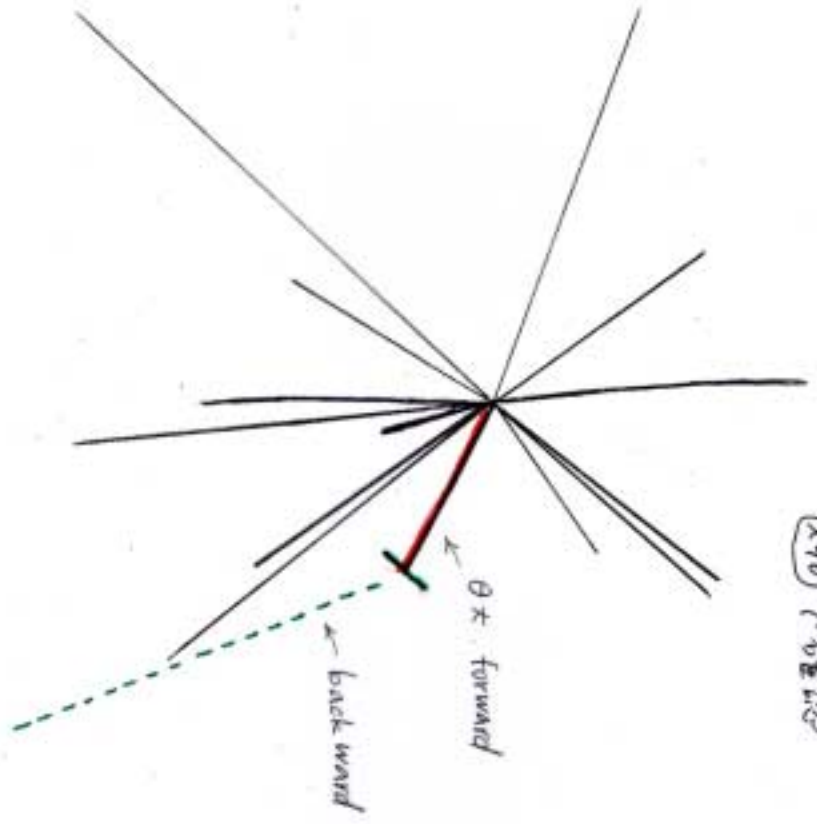
Memo
Evis ~ 8.

mdt62t29 pr:35 78249944.007 0-1 (20)

01年7月18日

X50 7ヶsketch

X90 7ヶsketch

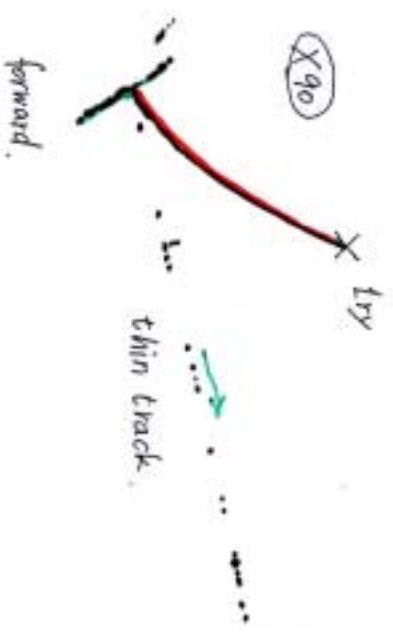


M_n ≧ 14

01年7月21日

X50 thin track

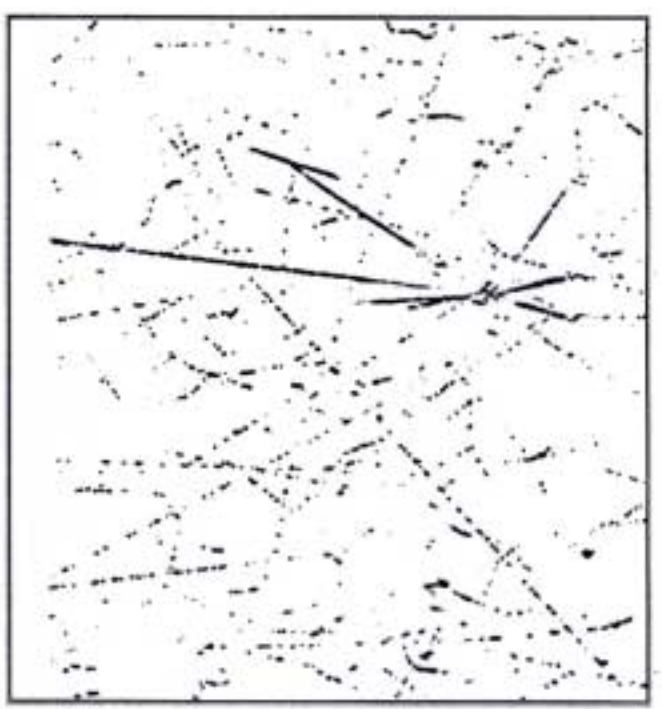
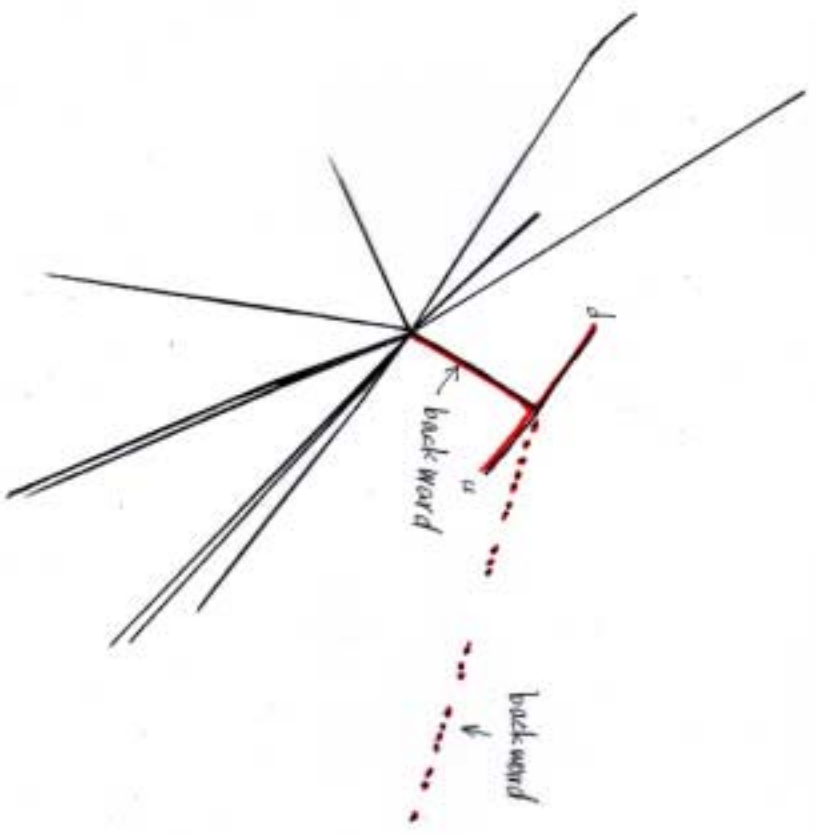
mdt62t29 pr:35 81330558.00V 1-3 (20) FM13



forward

mdl 92 t5 p.31 95898071.007 0-1 (20) UP

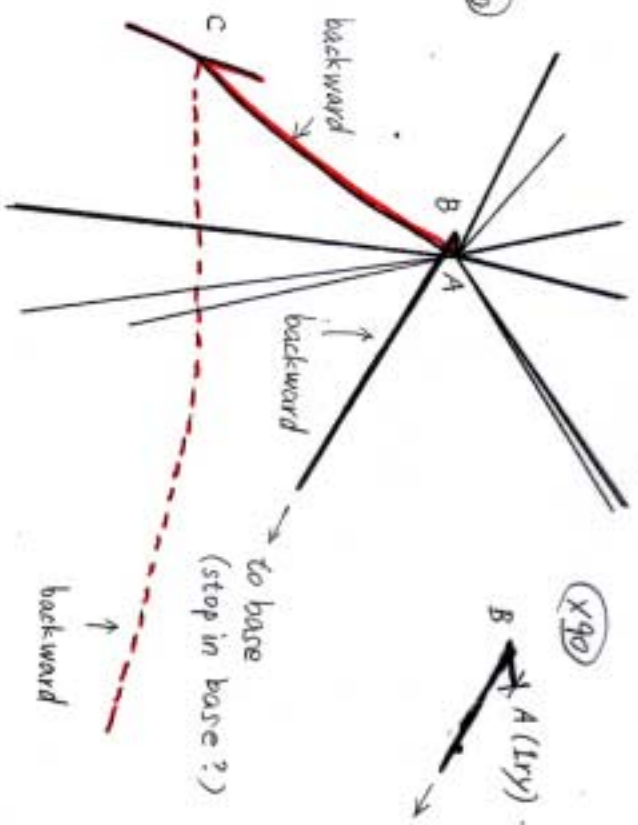
(X50) 01年8月1日



01年8月1日
down
hammer track
+ block or react (?)

mdl 92 t5 p.31 95898071.007 1-2 (20) F129

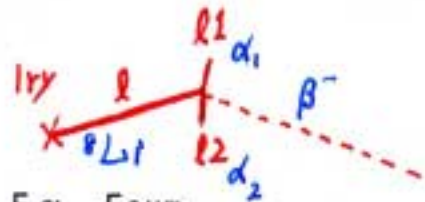
(X50)



(X90)

to base
(stop in base?)

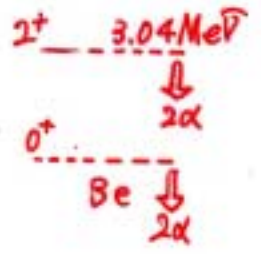
Hammer track with electron



Mdt	Event	Pl.	l (μm)	l1 (μm) l2 (μm)	E α (MeV)	Esum (MeV)	memo
72T	75896807	31u	27.5	14.1 14.5	3.7 3.8	7.5	
62T	78249949	35u	29.5	5.5 5.6	1.7 1.7	3.4	
75B	78924158	10u	44.7	3.2 5.1	0.9 1.5	2.4	
62B	79126815	04d	50.4	9.7 11.4	2.8 3.0	5.8	
62B	81330658	11d	43.4	4.1 4.7	1.2 1.4	2.6	
62B	81523018	25u	43.2	4.9 7.8	1.5 2.3	3.8	
75B	82270230	28u	22.6	5.8 6.7	1.7 2.0	3.7	
58B	76000296	04u	70.7	4.6 5.9	1.3 1.8	3.1	not triggered (accidentally)
58T	80970796	16u	60.6	3.8 4.4	1.2 1.3	2.5	not triggered (accidentally)
56B	81154926	30u	25.7	5.4 7.2	1.6 2.2	3.8	not triggered (accidentally)

<3.9>

consistent with ${}^8\text{Li} \rightarrow {}^8\text{Be}^* \beta^- \bar{\nu}$
 $\hookrightarrow 2\alpha$
 not hyperfragment



List of multi-prong 2ry vertex

Mdt	Event	Pl.	parent l (μm)	#prong	Visible E (MeV)		
62B	73660464	26u		3			
• 82B	73831188	25u	6.9	3	>110 (π)	Trident?	<u>with thin track</u>
57B	76090364	23u	8.4	3	13.6		
• 76B	76273799	11d	39	3	31.0	σ star?	<u>Evis > 30 MeV</u>
58T	78480676	28u	33	4	22.3	σ star?	
→ 71B	78902354	05u	3.6	3	(94)	Λ_c	<u>with thin track</u>
• 62B	79839619	31u	5.6	3	50.8		<u>with fast proton</u>
• 62B	80331217	12d	4.2	3	59.2		<u>with fast proton</u>
• 75B	81288152	04d	11	4	40.9		<u>Evis > 30 MeV</u>
75B	81430390	27d	33	4	18.0	σ star?	
75B	81811986	10d	35	3	7.0	σ star?	
61B	81126567	29d		3	7.0	σ star?	
61B	75779824	13d	45	2	14.0		
62B	77582905	31u	6.8	2	10.1		
86T	77711100	15d		2			
• 86T	80248935	21u	21	2	37.5		<u>with fast proton</u>
75T	76285951	36u		2?			
57T	75924415	25d		2		(heavy+thin)?	
76B	77640997	09d	~58	2		accidentally	

1prong 2ry vertx

61B	76065394	20u	29.1	1		
62B	76173988	19d		1+blob		
65T	78861466	27u	68.7	1		
58B	79837369	16u		1+blob?		
75B	79488765	13u		1		
76B	80437996	10u	102	1		
57B	80952701	10u	75.3	1 (thin? Bg?)		

Identification of hyperfragment

Candidate for hyperfragment

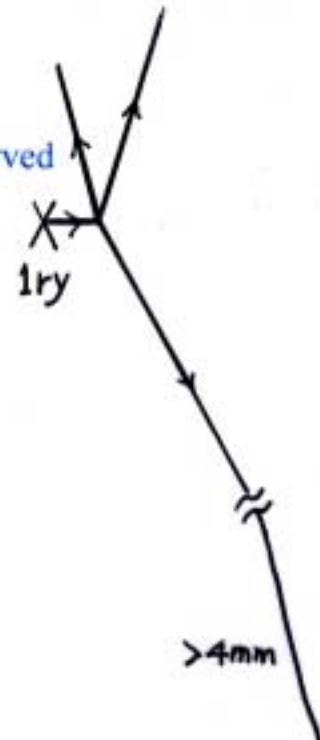
π -mesic decay

- (1) $\Lambda^0 \rightarrow p + \pi^- + 37.8 \text{ MeV}$ (64.2%)
energetic π^- is observed as thin track
- (2) $\Lambda^0 \rightarrow n + \pi^0 + 41.1 \text{ MeV}$ (35.8%)
difficult



Non-mesic decay

- (3) $\Lambda^0 + p \rightarrow p + n + 176 \text{ MeV}$
energetic proton ($>30 \text{ MeV}$, called fast p) is observed
as black track with range $> 4 \text{ mm}$
large energy release (Evis $> 30 \text{ MeV}$)
- (4) $\Lambda^0 + n \rightarrow n + n + 176 \text{ MeV}$
large energy release (Evis $> 30 \text{ MeV}$)

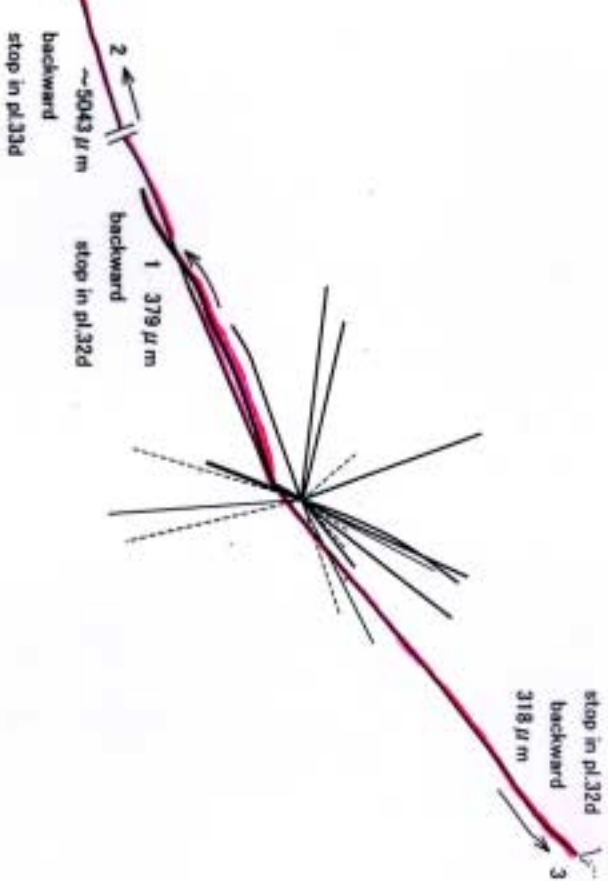


Candidate for Superfragment

Much larger energy release $\sim 1 \text{ GeV}$

Much larger visible energy $> 200 \text{ MeV}$

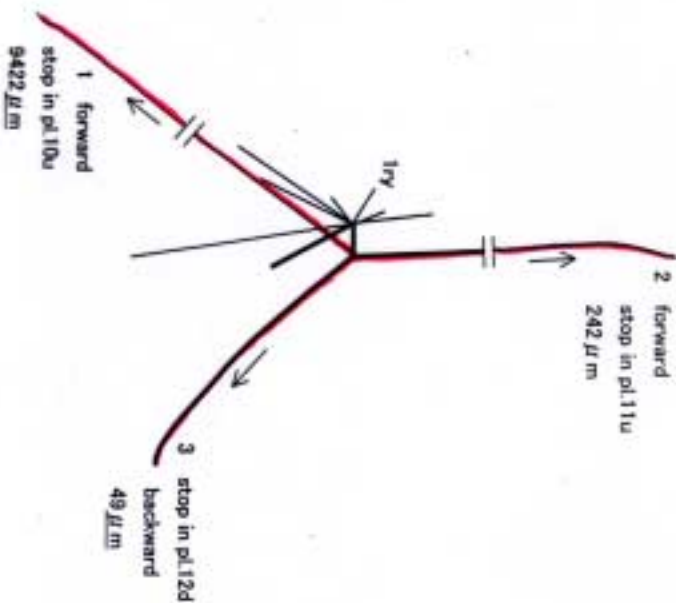
Range is short (\sim a few $\mu \text{ m}$?)



Track#	Length(μ m)	E(MeV)	ID
0	5.6		
1	379	8.0 (p)	
2	5043	35.6 (p)	
3	318	7.2 (p)	

EW ~ 51 MeV

Memo

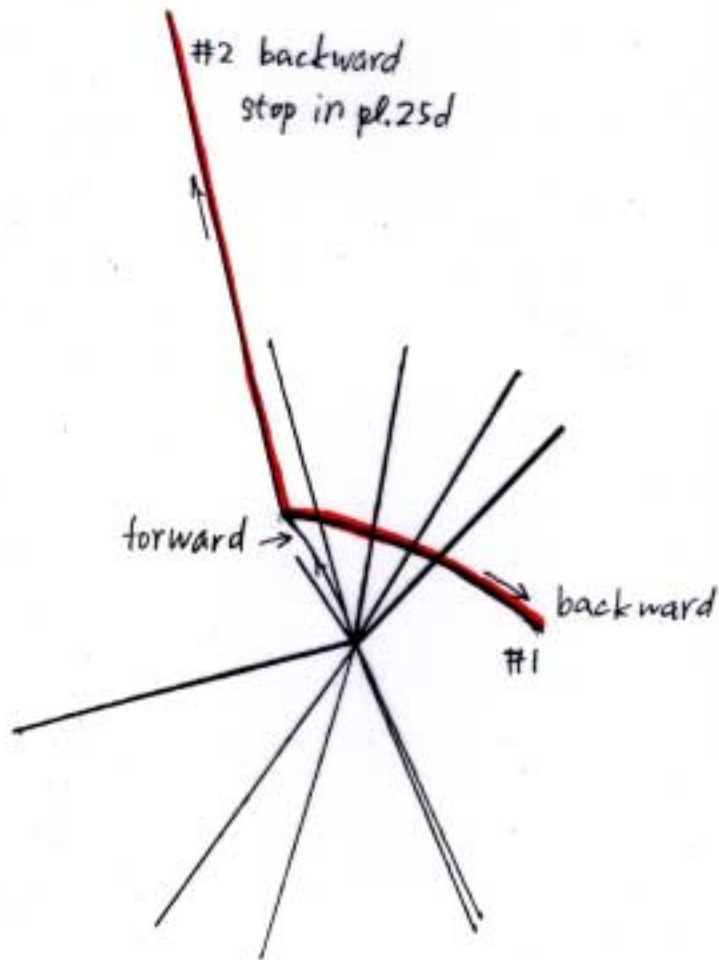


Track#	Length(μ m)	E(MeV)	ID
0	4.2		
1	9422	50.7 (p)	
2	242	6.2 (p)	
3	49	2.3 (p)	

EW ~ 59 MeV

Memo

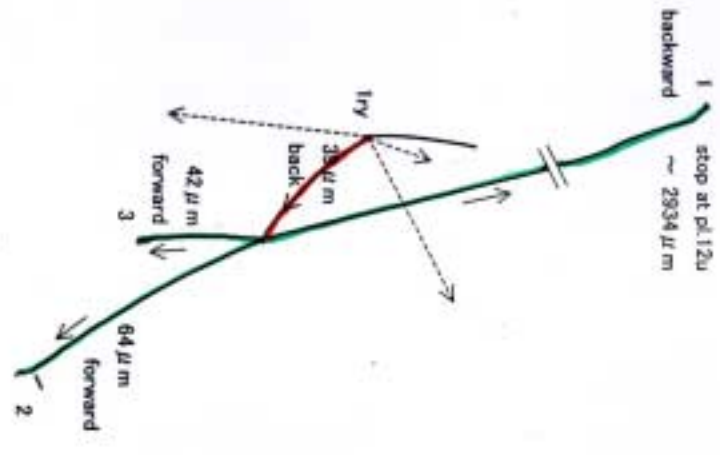
PL# 21u



Track#	Length(μ m)	E(MeV)	ID	
#	21			
# 1	94	3.5	(P)	
# 2	4618	34.	(P)	
#				
#				

Memo

Evis ~ 325



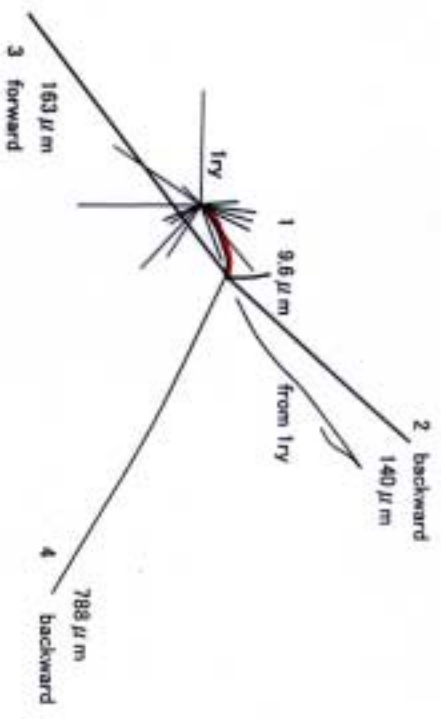
π capture

σ -star?

Track#	Length(μ m)	E(MeV)	ID
0	39		
1	2934	26.2	(p)
2	64	2.7	(p)
3	42	2.1	(p)

Evts ~ 31 MeV no fast p

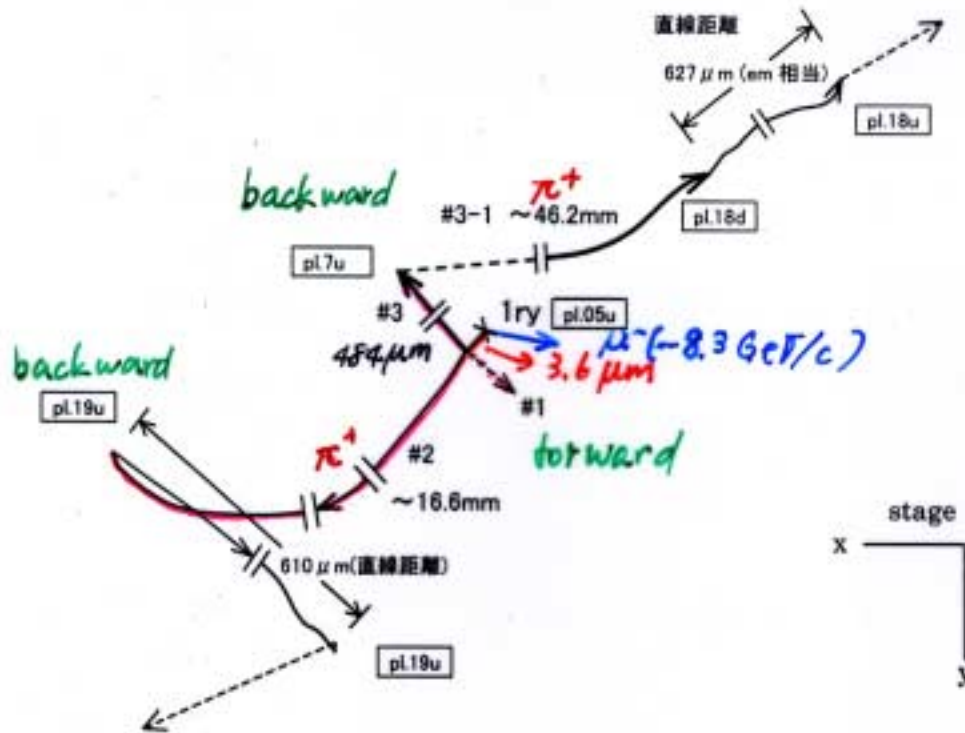
Memo



Track#	Length(μ m)	E(MeV)	ID
0	33		
1	9.6	0.74	(p)
2	140	4.4	(p)
3	163	4.9	(p)
4	788	12.3	(p)

Memo

PL# 05u

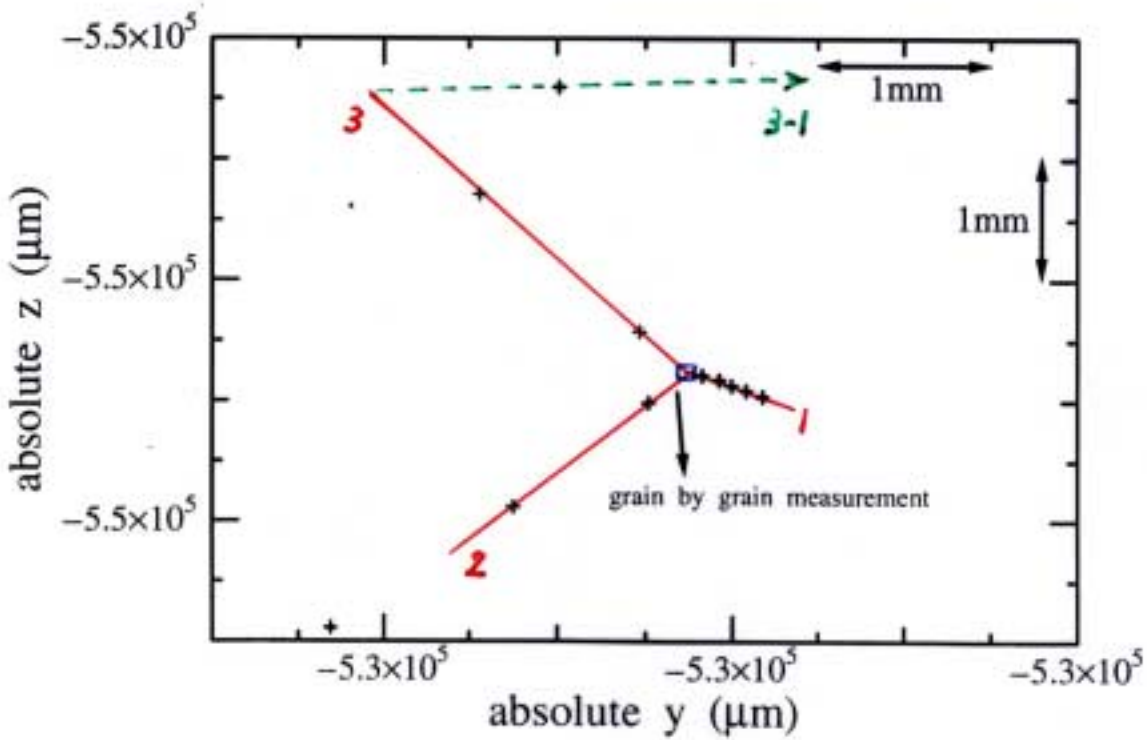
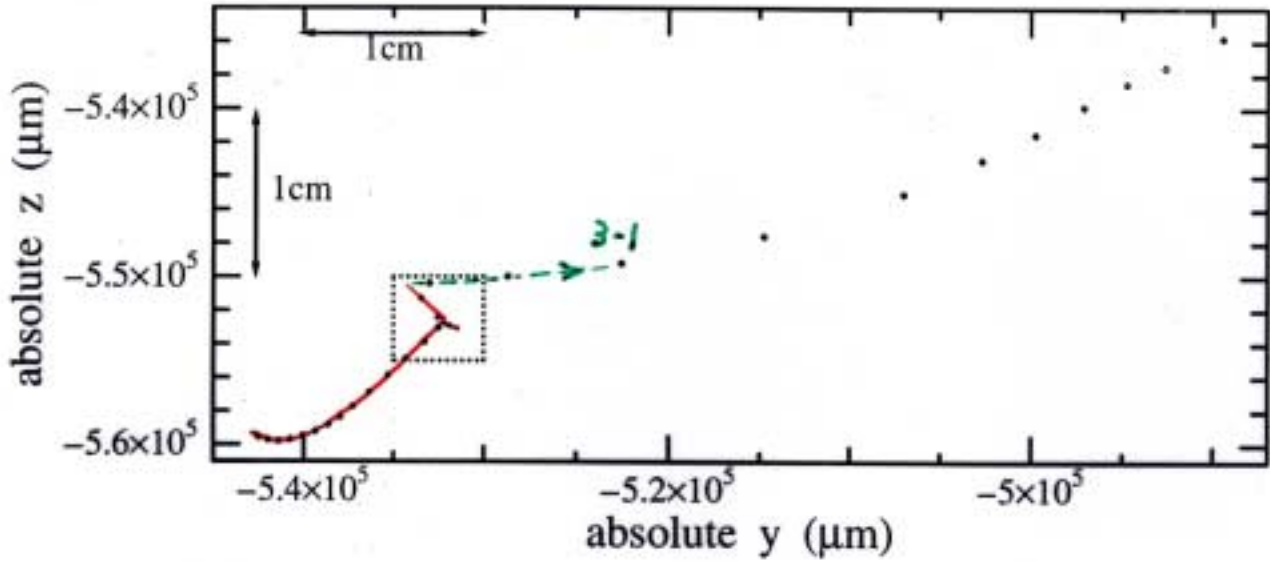


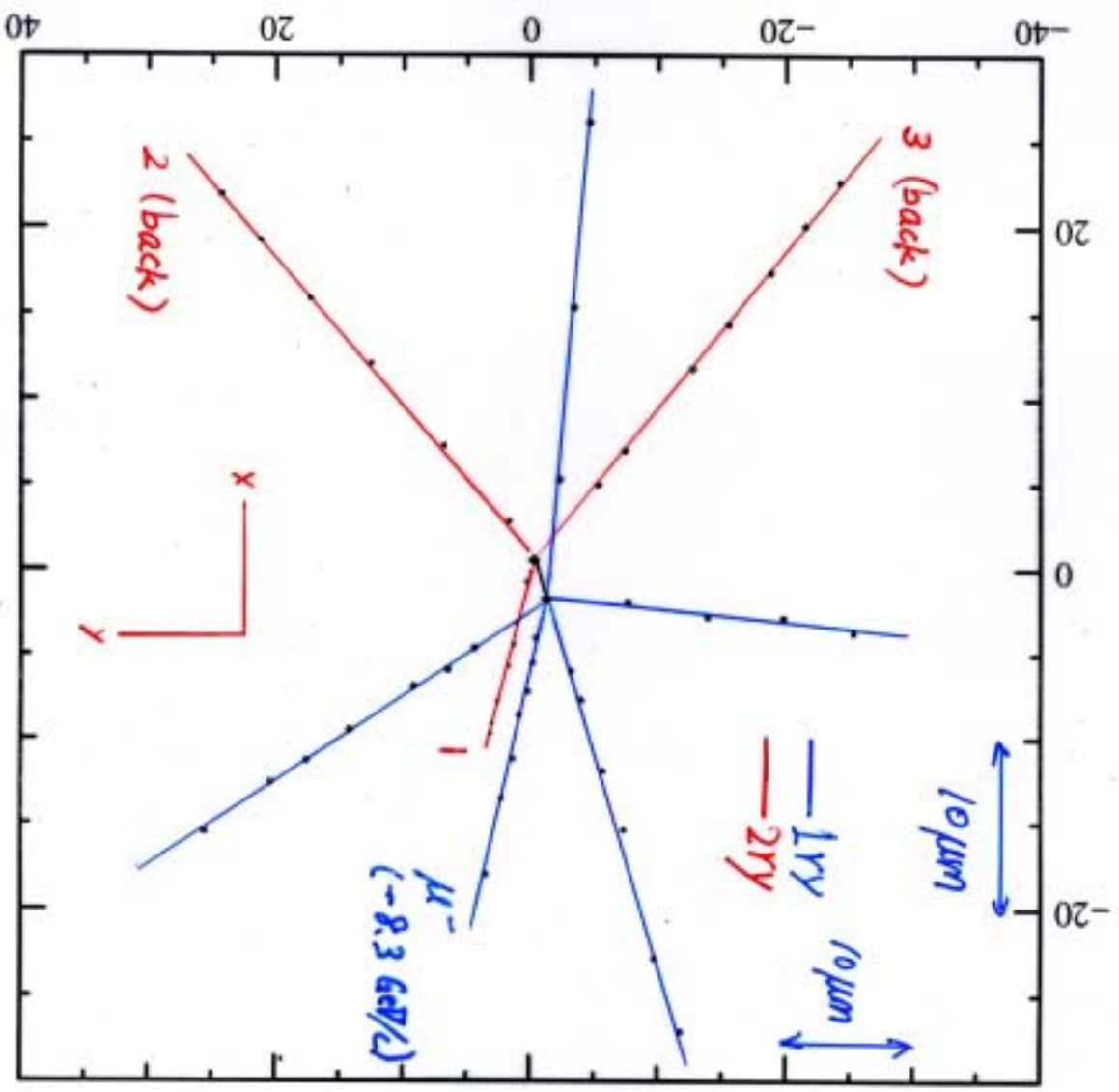
$(dx, dy, dz) = (2.24, 0.98, 2.6) \mu m$ $l \sim 3.6 \mu m$ (grain by grain)

Track#	Length(μm)	P(MeV)	E(MeV)	ID	
#0	3.6			(Λc)	
#1	$> 3.26 \times 10^3$			(π^-)	go through pl.01
#2	16.6×10^3	99.8	32	π^+	
#2-1	~ 610			μ^+	
#3	484	414.5		Σ^+	
#3-1	46.2×10^3	145.4	62	π^+	
#3-1-1	~ 627			μ^+	
#3-2		486.2		(n)	

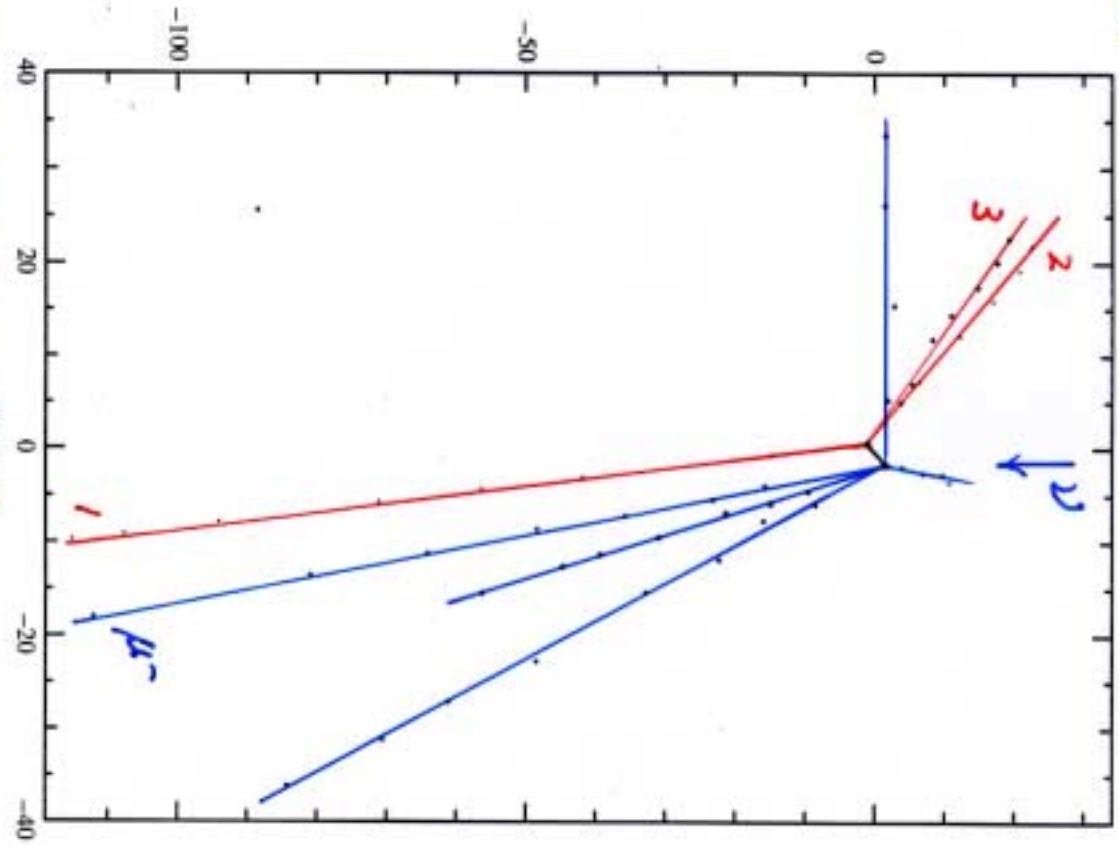
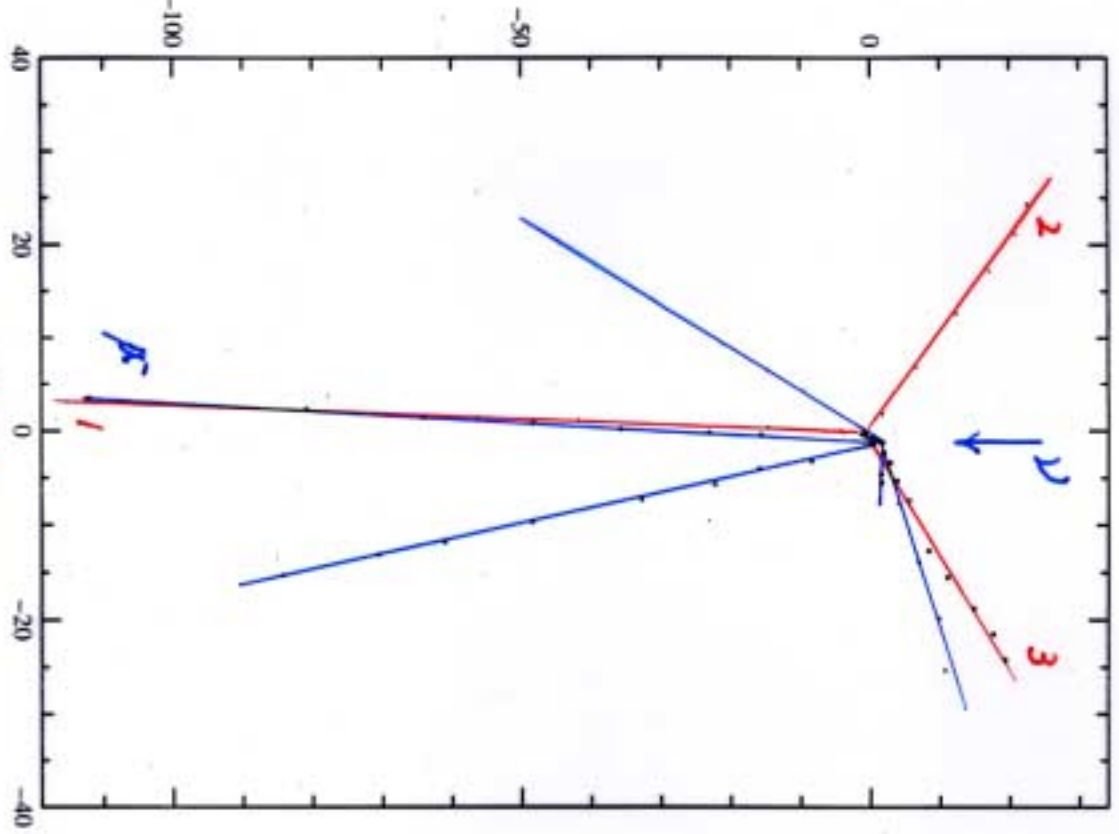
Memo

plate by plate measurement





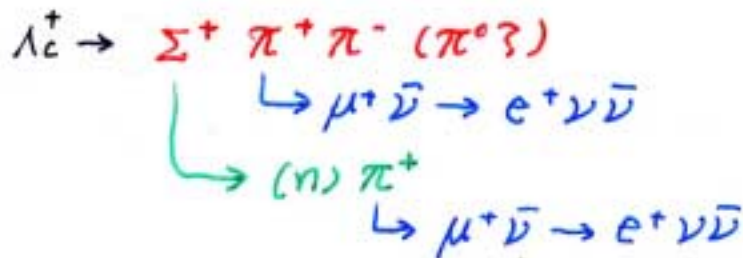
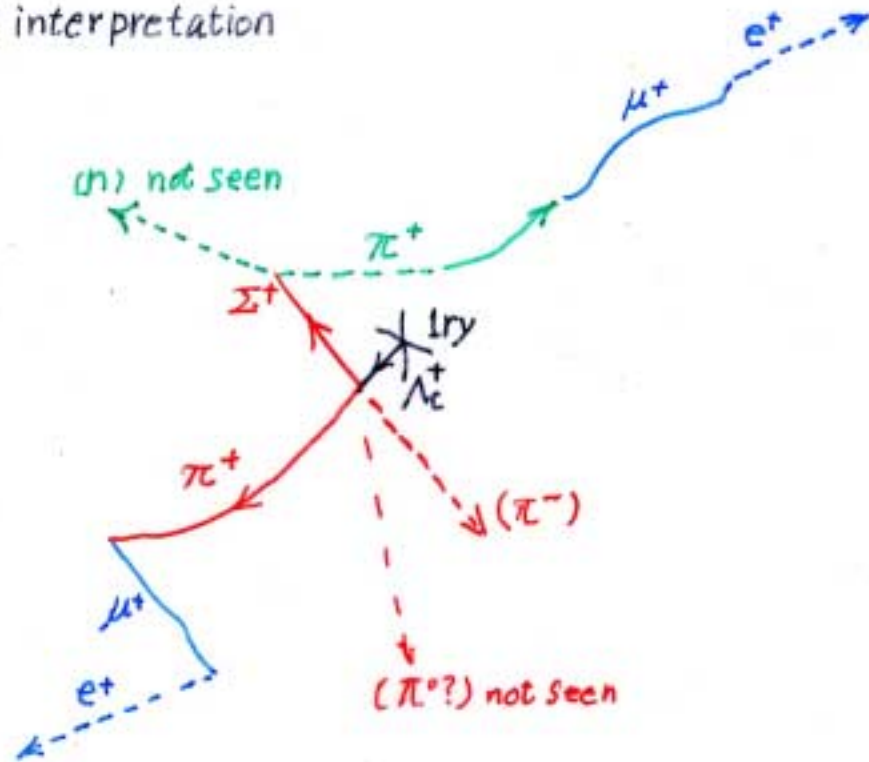
grain by grain



stage Y obtained (OX, ΔY , ΔB) \sim (2.2, 1.0, 2.6) μm
 $l \sim 3.6 \mu\text{m}$

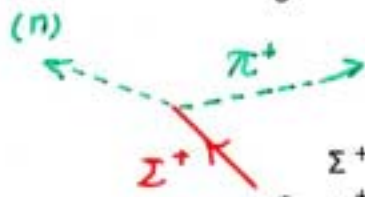
stage X

Most probable interpretation



Kinematic fit of track 3

Asuming $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ n$ (48.3 ± 0.3%, P_{max}=185 MeV/c)
 3 3-1



	direction cosin			P (MeV)	Mass (MeV/c ²)
	clx	cly	clz		
Σ^+	0.566	-0.642	-0.517	P_{Σ^+}	1189.4
π^+	-0.964	-0.922	-0.245	145	139.6
(n)	clxn	clyn	clzn	P_n	939.6

determine clxn, clyn, clzn, P_n and P_{Σ⁺} using measured value

(clxn, clyn, clzn) = (0.771, -0.520, -0.368) P_n = 486 MeV/c

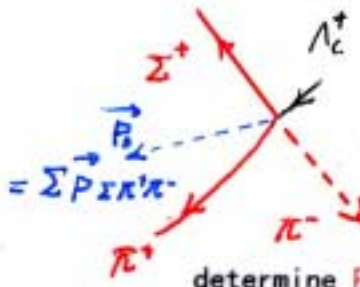
obtain

$P_{\Sigma^+} = 415 \text{ MeV/c}$

$\tau \sim 4.6 \times 10^{-12} \text{ sec}$

Kinematic fit of 2ry vertex

Asuming $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ (3.4 ± 1.0%, Pmax=185MeV/c)



	direction cosin			P (MeV)	Mass (MeV/c ²)
	clx	cly	clz		
(Λ_c)	0.629	0.273	0.728	P_0	m_0
π^-	-0.090	-0.028	-0.966	P_{π^-}	139.6
π^+	0.519	0.619	-0.590	<u>99.8</u>	139.6
Σ^+	0.576	-0.623	-0.530	<u>415</u>	1189.4

determine P_{π^-} and P_0, m_0

$P_{\pi^-} = 819$ MeV/c minimizing angle difference of P_0 and Λ_c

$\vec{P}_0: (clx_0, cly_0, clz_0) = (0.359, -0.287, 0.888)$ $P_0 = 605$ MeV/c
 $m_0 = 2180$ MeV/c²
 $(m_{\Lambda_c} = 2284.9)$
 $\tau \sim 6.9 \times 10^{-14}$ sec

fitting is not well

Asuming $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \omega$ (2.7 ± 1.0%, Pmax=568MeV/c)
 $\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- (\pi^0)$ (89.9 ± 0.5%, Pmax=327MeV/c)

	direction cosin			P (MeV)	Mass (MeV/c ²)
	clx	cly	clz		
(Λ_c)	0.629	0.273	0.728	P_0	m_0
Σ^+	0.576	-0.623	-0.530	<u>415</u>	1189.4
$\omega (782.7)$				P_{π^-}	139.6
π^-	-0.090	-0.028	-0.966	<u>99.8</u>	139.6
π^+	0.519	0.619	-0.590	P_{π^0}	135.0
(π^0)	clx_{π^0}	cly_{π^0}	clz_{π^0}		

determine $(clx_{\pi^0}, cly_{\pi^0}, clz_{\pi^0}), P_{\pi^0}$ and P_{π^-}
 then determine P_0, m_0

$(clx_{\pi^0}, cly_{\pi^0}, clz_{\pi^0}) = (-0.010, 0.958, 0.288)$ $P_{\pi^0} = 302$
 $P_{\pi^-} = 477$
 $\omega (clx, cly, clz) = (0.010, 0.586, 0.810)$ $P_\omega = 723$
 (Pt to parent = 255)

$\Sigma^+ \omega (clx, cly, clz) = (0.629, 0.273, 0.728)$ $P_0 = 389$
 $m_0 = 2225$
 $(m_{\Lambda_c} = 2284.9)$

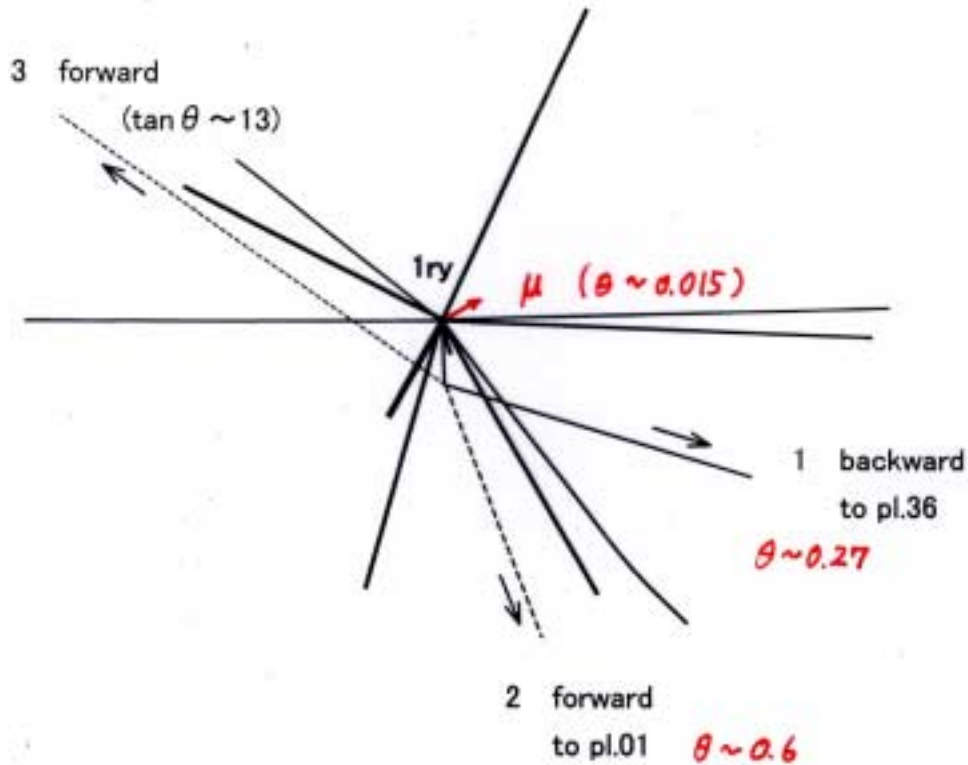
well fit

$\tau \sim 7.0 \times 10^{-14}$ sec

consistent with $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ (2.7 ± 1.0%)
 (89.9 ± 0.5%)

$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ (3.4 ± 1.0%) is not excluded due to small length of parent

PL#25u

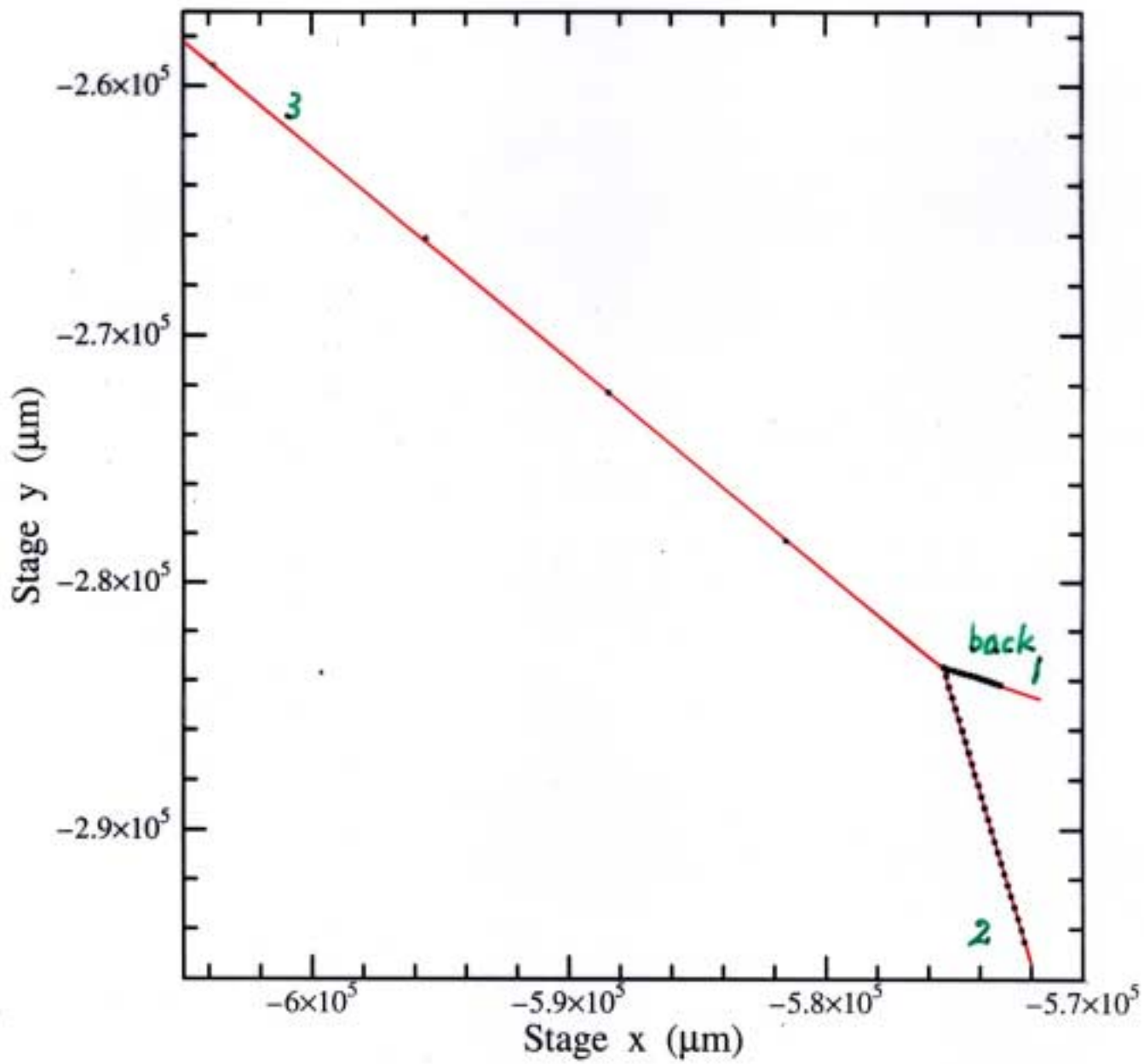


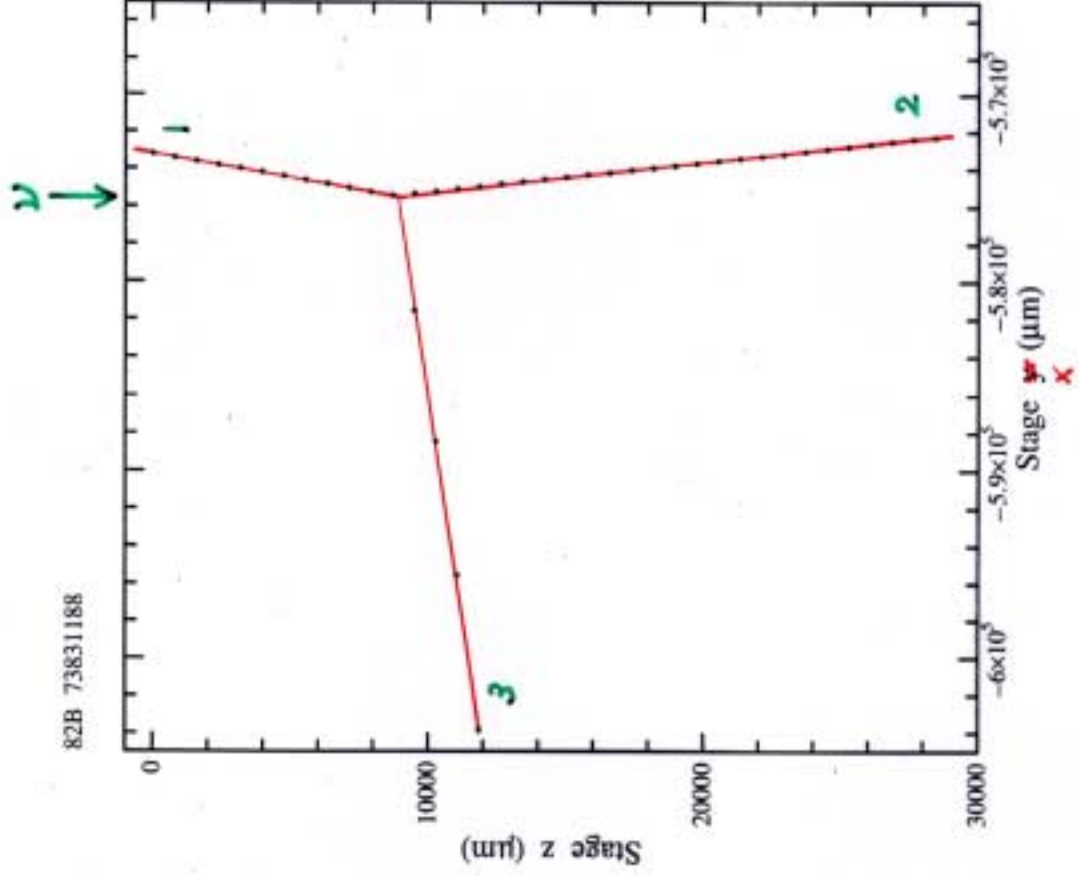
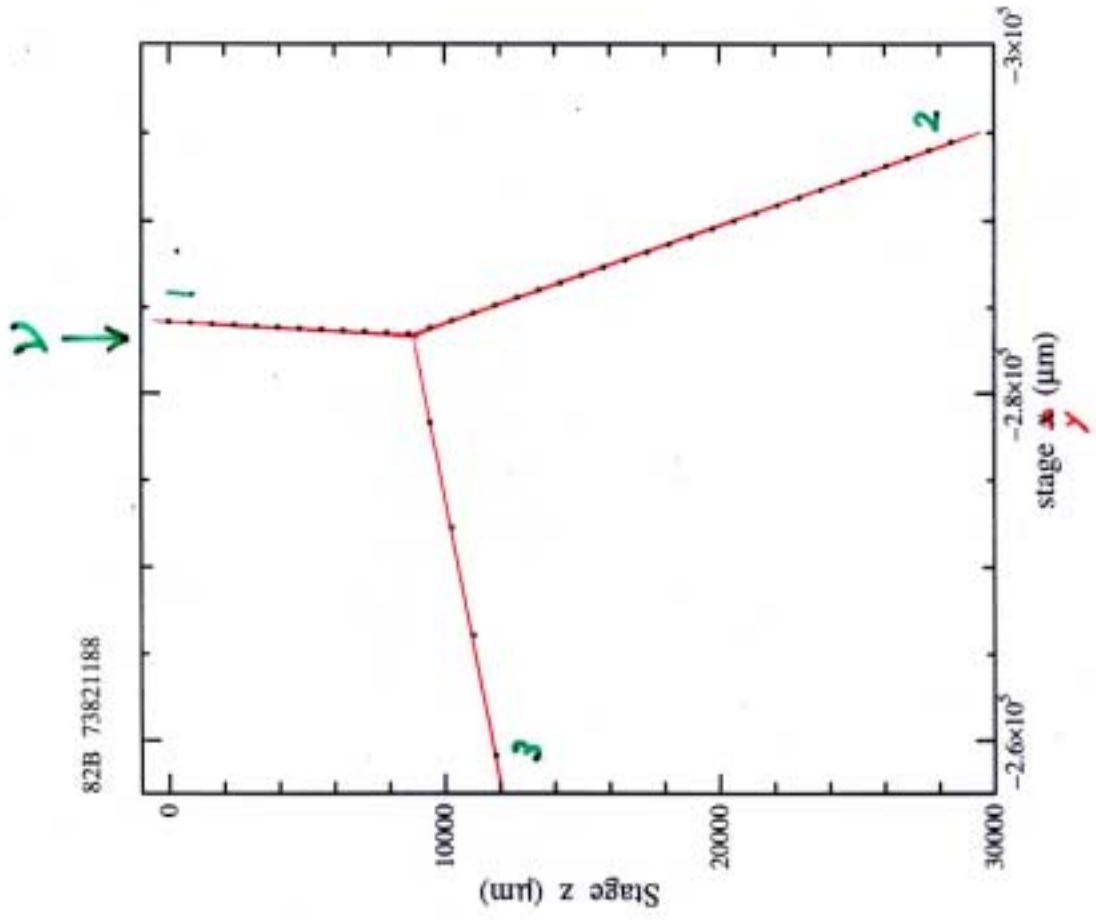
parent (gray?) $(dx, dy, dz) = (0.9, 3.2, 6.1) \mu m$ in stage system

Track#	Length(μm)	E(MeV)	ID	
0	6.9			
1	$> 8.0 \times 10^3 em$ $+ 1.0 \times 10^3 base$	> 21 > 48	(π) (P)	$> 8.4 \times 10^3 em$ 相当 thin or gray
2	$> 20 \times 10^3 em$ $+ 2.6 \times 10^3 base$	> 37 > 82	(π) (P)	$> 22 \times 10^3 em$ 相当 thin
3	$> 36 \times 10^3 em$ $+ 5 \times 10^3 base$	> 52 > 112	(π) (P)	$> 38 \times 10^3 em$ 相当 thin

Memo

$E_{vis} > 110 MeV$ (π assuming)
 $E_{vis} > 242 MeV$ (p assuming)





Summary

43k images in '97 Run are analyzed

~ 14k 1ry vertices are found by analysis program

position accuracy $\sigma_{x,y} \sim 0.4 \mu\text{m}$ $\sigma_z \sim 3.5 \mu\text{m}$ (beam direction)

Clear $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^+ + \pi$'s decay is identified

6 hyperfragment candidates are found

- 1 with thin track (trident?)
- 3 with fast proton
- 2 with visible energy $> 30\text{MeV}$ (1 is σ -star?)

Further works

Measurement of I/I_0 , $p\beta$

Estimation of error, efficiency

Improvement of analysis program

Will try again to search super fragment