CDFGJG: A Neutrino Experiment with Nuclear Emulsion at J-PARC for revealing the matter-dominated universe <u>Tsutomu Fukuda(IAR, Nagoya University)</u>

on behalf of NINJA collaboration

MDFGHG

Neutrino Interaction research with Nuclear emulsion and J-PARC Accelerator



NPGMID NRSMT GGSH

3D reconstruction



 4π detection

1µm



Low BG from v_{μ} NC π^{0} production

Scalability



Momentum, dE/dx measurement





NHEMIR NISMSM GNHEMFWR



NHGMR NISMSM GNHEWR



WRMJSI IS

- Precise neutrino-nucleus interaction measurement is important to reduce the systematic uncertainty in future neutrino oscillation experiments.
- We started a new experiment at J-PARC to study low energy neutrino interactions by introducing nuclear emulsion technique.
- The emulsion technique can measure all the final state particles with low energy threshold for a variety of targets (H₂O, Fe, C,...).
- Furthermore its ultimate position resolution allow to measure ν_{e} cross section (exclusively) and to explore of a sterile neutrino.







- The aim of T60/T66/T68 is a feasibility study and detector performance check to make a future plan.
- We will expand the scale of detector gradually, step by step.

$\nu \text{ (HFSRNAR MSM)} C$

We have demonstrated the basic experimental concept at J-PARC site.
"Detector performance run" was started from last Jan.







Water target emulsion detector

Frame type plastic spacer (2mm thickness)

Vacuum r

emulsion fil

9 NRSMIPMFE NISMM MP Nuclear emulsion films were made by ourselves **Preparing liquid Gel production** FNa **Gel melting** Pouring Br^{_}.l^{_} Crystalizing gelatin aq Drying · Deige Temp. 20°C Flat stages(PMMA) @Nagoya Univ. Surface plates(Stone) R.H. 80-90% Gelatin + crystal 200nm 30cm

S **GENNA OR MEM MEGGSH**



S GENNA OR MEM MEGGSH



Feasibility study: 2kg Iron target ECC



Time resolution for emulsion tracks







I MWMG NRSMR I MN RG ΤΜ

 $\times 10^3$

40

45

Plate ID

120



Feasibility study: 2kg Iron target ECC



Feasibility study: 2kg Iron target ECC



Multi-track vertex selection criteria

BSM GII IS



Cooling shelter($< 10^{\circ}C$)

TGGSMI N



- High statistics (~3 k \overline{v}_{μ} events)
- \overline{v}_{e} detection (~20 \overline{v}_{e} CC events)

NA HM GHOMG GMRG H

Feasibility study: 1kg Water target ECC

We installed a water target emulsion chamber during May 2015 and 2016-2017 for feasibility study.

Sandwich structure of Emulsion films and Frame type spacers

Pouring water

Emulsion films (vacuum packed)

First detection of ν - Water interaction with Emulsion Detector

Interacted in Water region -

Range~2cm

nroton

1	$(\tan \theta x, \tan \theta y) = (-0.040, 0.845)$	M.I.P
2	$(\tan \theta x, \tan \theta y) = (-0.589, -0.074)$	proton
Minimum distance (1) - (2) =2.4um, depth=620um		

Water Target ~ 1.5kg ightarrow 10-20 $\overline{
u}$ events

AND THE WEITH LLLAND

AD.

MT GG SMII N

Hybrid analysis with INGRID for Water ECC-SFT system

NNHF SIFGR WRM N

 We are planning the Physics Run to investigate v – water interactions with large detector.

JN J VH

- There are many projects of next generation neutrino experiments which aim at finding the CP violating phase in the PMNS matrix, probing the neutrino mass hierarchy, search for sterile neutrinos and so on.
- These experiment plan to discover the rare effects and study them by measuring neutrino interactions precisely. Toward these goals, a lot of R&D activities for novel (near) detectors are going on in order to reduce systematic uncertainties.
- We are performing a neutrino experiments at J-PARC to study low energy neutrino nucleus interactions and exploration of a possible existence of sterile neutrinos by introducing nuclear emulsion (
- We are carrying out a test experiment at J-PARC () to check the feasibility and detector performance.
- Beam exposure, film development and film scanning (data taking) for the 60kg iron target ECC was successfully done. The analysis is now in progress.
- We continue to expose v beam for R&D of water target ECC and will make a detailed plan of future Physics Run.